Multnomah County, Oregon Countywide Cost Allocation Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Based on the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2023 Prepared in Accordance with OMB 2 CFR 200 (Uniform Guidance)



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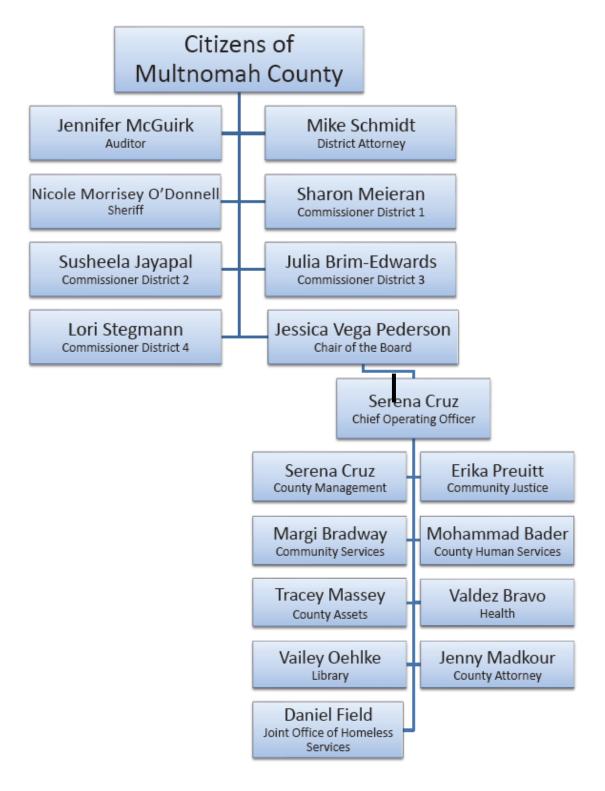
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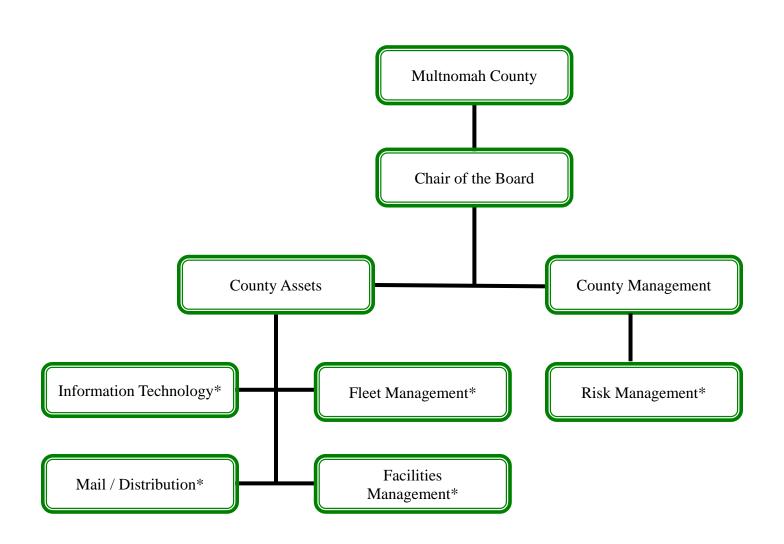
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The rates contained in this document are applicable to grants in existence during the fiscal year
beginning July 1, 2024 and ending June 30, 2025.
Questions regarding the contents of the proposal should be directed to Cora Bell, Deputy Chief
Financial Officer.

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Multnomah County, Oregon June 30, 2023



Multnomah County, Oregon Internal Service Providers June 30, 2023



* Indicates department / division is an Internal Service Provider of the County.

Section I: Indirect Cost Rates

EXPLANATION OF THE INDIRECT COST RATES

The Federal government recognizes that County organizations incur identifiable overhead costs in support of grants and contracts. The County's indirect calculation is based on personnel costs only.

Costs are categorized in two ways. The first establishes support costs internal to individual departments within the County and the other identifies countywide support costs.

<u>Department Indirect Cost Rates</u>: Each department has a rate based on departmental administrative personnel costs incurred within the organization. Only payroll costs not charged directly to grants are included in the departmental rates.

<u>Central Service Cost Allocation</u>: The Central Service Cost Allocation Plan identifies and distributes the personnel cost of services provided by County support organizations (e.g., Budget Office, Auditor) to those County departments (e.g., Health, Sheriff) awarded grants or contracts as a flat countywide central service rate.

<u>Combined Indirect Cost Rates</u>: These are the indirect rates that each department may charge to grants. Indirect cost rates are applied to direct personnel expenditures only.

2024-2025 SUMMARY OF OMB 2 CFR 200 (UNIFORM GUIDANCE) INDIRECT COST RATES

Department	Page	Central Indirect Cost Rate	Departmental Indirect Cost Rate	Combined Indirect Cost Rate
County Human Services	16	4.11%	10.61%	14.72%
Community Justice	17	4.11%	16.56%	20.67%
Health Services	18	4.11%	12.80%	16.91%
District Attorney	19	4.11%	23.62%	27.73%
Sheriff's Office	20	4.11%	12.22%	16.33%
Community Services	21	4.11%	10.26%	14.37%
Joint Office of Homeless Services	22	4.11%	39.58%	43.69%
Library Services*		4.11%	0.00%	4.11%
Other County**		4.11%	0.00%	4.11%

MULTNOMAH COUNTY

* The library does not have a departmental rate, as the library is a special district with an intergovernmental agreement outside of the cost allocation plan that includes support service costs.

** Other County represents miscellaneous non-departmental groups that primarily direct charge operations to grant awards.

Central Service Allocations

SUMMARY OF CENTRAL SERVICE ALLOCATION

Central Service	Total	
Auditor	\$ 1,962	2,321
Budget Office	2,992	2,542
ERP Workday	3,451	1,849
Finance	13,235	5,960
Human Resources	10,559	9,871
Strategic Sourcing	571	1,903
Total Allocation	\$ 32,774	4,446

Central Service Costs	\$ 32,774,446		4 1 1 0 /
All Other Allowable Costs	\$ 797,174,252	=	4.11%

AUDITOR

DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES

The Auditor's Office conducts performance and fiscal audits in conformance with the US GAO Government Auditing Standards. The annual audit schedule is based upon a risk analysis of County services, with the majority of office resources focused on performance audits to increase efficiency, effectiveness, and accountability. Activities of the Auditor may include examination of expenditure reports for discrepancies or variances, reviews of internal controls, and testing transactions for compliance with state and federal regulations.

In keeping with the standards, the Auditor emphasizes a coordinated audit approach with the external auditors, and with state and federal agencies. County audits are complementary and never duplicate the audit efforts of the other organizations. The Auditor's efforts help ensure that County financial and administrative policies are being followed throughout the organization, including federal programs, and are, therefore, deemed allowable.

Personnel costs of the County Auditor, an elected official, have been eliminated from the allocation of central costs, but remains in the denominator of total personnel.

Expenditure			Actual FY23		Roll forward			Fixed FY25	
Category		FY21		F Y 23		Adjustment		F Y 25	
Personnel Services	\$	1,446,415	\$	1,825,848	\$	-	\$	-	
Unallowable		183,278		213,120		-		-	
Total Allowable	\$	1,263,137	\$	1,612,729	\$	349,592	\$	1,962,321	

BUDGET OFFICE

DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES

The Budget Office is responsible for preparation of the County's budget and the monitoring of the budget once adopted. Included among the division's activities is the review of County programs to ensure compliance with local budget law in addition to independent evaluations of County programs, policies, and initiatives in various service areas.

Since all grant programs must comply with local budget law and the Budget Office provides oversight necessary for the successful operation of federal programs, the Budget Services allocation is deemed allowable.

Expenditure Category		Actual FY21	Actual FY23	Roll forward Adjustment	Fixed FY25
Personnel Services	\$	2,017,429	\$ 2,513,940	\$ Aujustment -	\$ -
Unallowable	-	2,314	10,111	-	-
Total Allowable	\$	2,015,115	\$ 2,503,828	\$ 488,714	\$ 2,992,542

ERP WORKDAY

DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES

The ERP Workday support team provides strategic and operational leadership and maintains, troubleshoots, and enhances the functionality of the County's Enterprise Resource Planning software, Workday.

ERP Workday manages human resource operational and strategic functions in Workday including project management, business analysis, configuration, reporting and daily maintenance across the multiple HR disciplines.

Additionally, ERP Workday maintains, troubleshoots, and enhances Workday finance functionality and supports planning, design, build, and testing of Workday configuration and custom reports. ERP Workday also maintains the system's foundational financial master data and supports departmental Workday users with training.

Since all grant programs require support for existing and new features within the software for the successful operation and record keeping of federal programs, the ERP Workday allocation is deemed allowable.

Expenditure Category	Actual FY21	Actual FY23		Roll forward Adjustment		Fixed FY25	
Personnel Services	\$ 2,179,868	\$	2,815,858	\$	-	\$	-
Unallowable	-		-		-		-
Total Allowable	\$ 2,179,868	\$	2,815,858	\$	635,990.52	\$	3,451,849

FINANCE

DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES

The Finance Division is responsible for assuring that the County's financial activities are accurately reflected in the accounting records and that the County's cash is properly managed.

Activities of this organization include providing administrative support for federal grants, performing centralized payroll functions, and paying vendors. Accounting and Treasury perform banking services and manage County cash. Purchasing provides central purchasing and supply services to all County organizations, procuring all supplies, materials, equipment, labor, and contractual services for the performance of professional, technical, or expert services. In addition, Purchasing oversees the solicitation and processing of bids for services and products of a specialized nature needed by the County.

Purchasing directly benefits federal programs to the extent that it procures supplies and services for use in those programs. Accounting and Treasury services are deemed necessary for the successful conduct of federal programs and are, therefore, deemed allowable.

Expenditure	Actual		Actual	Roll forward			Fixed
Category	FY21	FY23		Adjustment		FY25	
Personnel Services	\$ 9,087,100	\$	11,156,840	\$	-	\$	-
Unallowable	36,009		13,314		-		-
Total Allowable	\$ 9,051,092	\$	11,143,526	\$	2,092,434	\$	13,235,960

HUMAN RESOURCES

DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES

The Human Resources Division is responsible for classification of County positions, overall County personnel policy administration, and maintenance of personnel records. The Labor Relations Section is responsible for negotiating and administering labor contracts, representing the County in civil service hearings, and advising managers on disciplinary action. The Classification and Compensation Section and the Talent Development / County Training Section ensure that current employees are fairly compensated and provided the tools to do their jobs.

Human Resources uses various communication media to advertise for suitable candidates, in addition to directly contacting prospective candidates. Examinations are conducted, administered, and scored by Human Resources. Reliability and validation studies of tests are undertaken regularly.

Human Resources classifies all job positions in the County as to educational and experience requirements together with on-job performance duties and maintain personnel history records reflecting data pertaining to employees' work.

Labor Relations, Classification Compensation, and Talent Development each directly benefit grant programs through their work with employees and managers within those programs.

The variety of personnel services described above is judged allowable since the services benefit all organizations of the County. They benefit federal programs to the extent that County employees are used to carry out program activities.

The Office of Diversity and Equality (ODE) resides within the Human Resources Division. ODE assures that the County conforms to regulatory requirements for monitoring, reporting, planning, and implementing programs and strategies that provide creative solutions to workforce and service program diversity. The ODE helps assure compliance with various equal opportunity laws. The need for such services has increased due to new federal regulations, equal opportunity and ADA requirements contained in federal grant regulations and ongoing interpretation of regulatory requirements.

Expenditure	Actual		Actual		Roll forward			Fixed	
Category		FY21		FY23		Adjustment		FY25	
Personnel Services	\$	6,011,878	\$	8,502,455	\$	-	\$	-	
Unallowable		16,381		224,772		-		-	
Total Allowable	\$	5,995,496	\$	8,277,684	\$	2,282,188	\$	10,559,871	

STRATEGIC SOURCING

DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES

The Strategic Sourcing Division includes components of the Strategic Sourcing, Procurement and Contract Administration unit, which is part of the Department of County Assets' (DCA) Administrative Services Hub. This unit works collectively with the other DCA Administrative Service Hub units to deliver services to both departments and divisions supported by DCA as well as the entire County.

They also focus on the development, implementation, oversight, and direct delivery of the strategic sourcing practices across the County. This unit provides strategy, leadership, expertise, and analytical information to the County and its Departments relative to these strategic sourcing practices.

Expenditure	diture Actual		Actual		Roll forward			Fixed	
Category		FY21		FY23	3 Adjustment		FY25		
Personnel Services	\$	262,746	\$	417,324	\$	-	\$	-	
Unallowable		-		-		-		-	
Total Allowable	\$	262,746	\$	417,324	\$	154,579	\$	571,903	

Department Indirect Allocations

DEPARTMENT OF COUNTY HUMAN SERVICES

Central Service	<u>s</u>			<u>Departmental</u>		
Indirect	\$	32,774,446	4.11%	Indirect	\$ 10,832,138	10.61%
Direct	\$7	97,174,252	4.11 /0	Direct	\$ 102,136,085	10.01 /0

	Department Indirect			Department Direct	Department Total
Personnel Services	\$	9,039,469	\$	102,136,085	\$ 111,175,554
Rollforward		1,792,669		-	1,792,669
Total	\$	10,832,138	\$	102,136,085	\$ 112,968,223

Roll forward Computation					
Actual FY21	\$	7,246,800			
Actual FY23		9,039,469			
Rollforward Adjustment		1,792,669			
Fixed FY25	\$	10,832,138			

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY JUSTICE

Central Service	<u>s</u>			<u>Departmental</u>		
Indirect	\$	32,774,446	4.11%	Indirect	\$ 9,263,543	16.56%
Direct	\$	797,174,252	4.11 /0	Direct	\$ 55,935,724	10.5070

	Department Indirect		Department Direct		Department Total	
Personnel Services	\$	8,098,486	\$	55,935,724	\$	64,034,210
Rollforward		1,165,057		-		1,165,057
Total	\$	9,263,543	\$	55,935,724	\$	65,199,267

Roll forward Computation	
Actual FY21	\$ 6,933,429
Actual FY23	8,098,486
Rollforward Adjustment	1,165,057
Fixed FY25	\$ 9,263,543

HEALTH DEPARTMENT

<u>Central Service</u>	<u>es</u>		<u>Departmental</u>		
Indirect	\$ 32,774,446	4.11%	Indirect	<u>\$ 25,119,873</u>	12.80%
Direct	\$ 797,174,252	4.11 /0	Direct	\$ 196,285,065	12.0070

	Department Indirect	Department Direct	Department Total
Personnel Services	\$ 20,493,966	\$ 196,285,065	\$ 216,779,031
Rollforward	4,625,907	_	4,625,907
Total	\$ 25,119,873	\$ 196,285,065	\$ 221,404,938

Roll forward Computation	
Actual FY21	\$ 15,868,059
Actual FY23	20,493,966
Rollforward Adjustment	4,625,907
Fixed FY25	\$ 25,119,873

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

<u>Central Service</u>	<u>s</u>		<u>Departmental</u>		
Indirect	\$ 32,774,446	4.11%	Indirect	\$ 7,005,526	23.62%
Direct	\$ 797,174,252	4.11 /0	Direct	\$ 29,655,808	23.0270

	Department Indirect		Department Direct		Department Total	
Personnel Services	\$	5,685,768	\$	29,655,808	\$	35,341,576
Rollforward		1,319,759		-		1,319,759
Total	\$	7,005,526	\$	29,655,808	\$	36,661,334

Roll forward Computation	
Actual FY21	\$ 4,366,009
Actual FY23	5,685,768
Rollforward Adjustment	1,319,759
Fixed FY25	\$ 7,005,526

SHERIFF'S OFFICE

<u>Central Service</u>	<u>s</u>		<u>Departmental</u>		
Indirect	\$ 32,774,446	4.11%	Indirect	\$ 15,936,035	12.22%
Direct	\$ 797,174,252	4.11 /0	Direct	\$ 130,372,798	12.22 /0

	Department Indirect	Department Direct	Department Total
Personnel Services	\$ 13,447,431	\$ 130,372,798	\$ 143,820,229
Rollforward	2,488,604	_	2,488,604
Total	\$ 15,936,035	\$ 130,372,798	\$ 146,308,833

Roll forward Computation	
Actual FY21	\$ 10,958,827
Actual FY23	13,447,431
Rollforward Adjustment	2,488,604
Fixed FY25	\$ 15,936,035

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY SERVICES

Central Service	<u>s</u>		<u>Departmental</u>		
Indirect	\$ 32,774,446	4.11%	Indirect	\$ 2,483,736	10.26%
Direct	\$ 797,174,252	7.11 /0	Direct	\$ 24,210,797	10,2070

	Department Indirect		Department Direct		Department Total	
Personnel Services	\$	2,590,695	\$	24,210,797	\$	26,801,492
Rollforward		(106,959)		-		(106,959)
Total	\$	2,483,736	\$	24,210,797	\$	26,694,533

Roll forward Computation	
Actual FY21	\$ 2,697,654
Actual FY23	2,590,695
Rollforward Adjustment	(106,959)
Fixed FY25	\$ 2,483,736

JOINT OFFICE OF HOMELESS SERVICES

Central Service	<u>s</u>		<u>Departmental</u>		
Indirect	\$ 32,774,446	4.11%	Indirect	\$ 4,582,507	39.58%
Direct	\$ 797,174,252	4.11 /0	Direct	\$ 11,576,854	57.5070

	Department Indirect		Department Direct		Department Total	
Personnel Services	\$	3,423,109	\$	11,576,854	\$	14,999,964
Rollforward		1,159,398		-		1,159,398
Total	\$	4,582,507	\$	11,576,854	\$	16,159,362

Roll forward Computation	
Actual FY21	\$ 2,263,711
Actual FY23	3,423,109
Rollforward Adjustment	1,159,398
Fixed FY25	\$ 4,582,507

Section II: Internal Service Funds

FY25 COST ALLOCATION PLAN - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

These funds account for activities and services performed primarily for other organizational units within the County. Charges to the County agencies are calculated to recover costs and maintain capital. The County accounts for certain expenditures of the internal service funds for budgetary purposes on the modified accrual basis of accounting. For financial reporting purposes, the accrual basis of accounting is used. Such differences relate primarily to the methods of accounting for depreciation and capital outlay. Noted below are the County's internal service funds along with a description of the methodology used to allocate the cost of the services, including how these costs or rates are determined. Rates for the internal service providers are posted on the County's public website at: https://multco.us/budget/fy-2025-county-assets-cost-allocations

Pursuant County policy internal service charges may include a contingency or reserve amount not to exceed 10 percent of operational expenditures. Unreserved fund balances are reported annually to the Board of County Commissioners by the County's Chief Financial Officer shortly following the issuance of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

FLEET MANAGEMENT FUND accounts for the County's Motor Pool and Fleet Operations.

Rate Methodology

Fleet Operations creates three separate rates:

- 1) A Mileage Rate (or Base Rate) is charged on a per mile basis for every mile driven. The charges are based on the historical average per mile cost by class of vehicle (subcompact car, compact pickup, cargo van, etc.), adjusted for inflation.) This only applies to standard light duty vehicles. Heavy duty or specialized vehicles are charged actual cost incurred.
- 2) Time and materials charges for work done on specialized equipment and one-off vehicle repairs/adjustments.
- 3) The Overhead Rate is a flat monthly fee charged per vehicle that covers all normal fleet program costs not included in the Replacement Rate and Mileage Rate.

Motor Pool determines its service charge based on an analysis of prior year actual costs, and current year budgeted costs.

Fiscal year 2025 rates

- 1) Fleet utilizes six separate rates to account for its cost:
 - a) Replacement Charge Varies by type of vehicle, cost to replace and estimated life.
 - b) Replacement Admin An 8% administration fee.
 - c) Annual Base Charge Varies by type of class.
 - d) Mileage Rate Ranges from \$0.60 to \$1.20 per mile, shop rate for labor cost is \$163, fuel markup is 11% and parts markup is 41%.
 - e) Overhead Charge Calculated at \$1,650 per vehicle per year and \$506 per equipment per year.
- 2) Motor Pool charges \$7.50 per hour with a minimum charge of two hours a day. Enterprise CarShare is \$1,200/vehicle/month. Rentals of specialized vehicles from commercial rental agencies are not included in this charge, but are charged at a daily rate of \$50.00 plus overhead and fuel.

FLEET ASSET REPLACEMENT FUND accounts for the County's replacement of motor vehicle fleet assets.

The replacement rate is a monthly charge per vehicle and equipment that is collected to fund the eventual replacement. The charge varies by type and is based on the current purchase price divided by the anticipated life in months.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (IT) FUND accounts for the County's information technology services including business applications, desktop computing, helpdesk, networking, security, telecommunications, and enterprise system support services.

IT uses a cost allocation method that charges the cost of IT operations to each department based on an appropriate rate driver for each type of service provided. Costs are estimated based on prior year actual expenses and current year budgeted expenses. Rate drivers and the services allocated by each are:

- Desktop and Server Device Count. Desktop Devices include laptops, personal computers, tablets, and actual and virtual file servers. Services allocated by desktop device count by department are Help Desk, Network Security, Desktop Services, General Government & Open Source Applications, and some Server & Support Services.
- 2) Circuits. Network Services costs are allocated to each department based on wide-area network circuit counts by department.
- 3) ServiceNow Data. ServiceNow is a software tool in which IT staff account for all hours worked. Services allocated by ServiceNow data are Application Support Services, Data & Reporting Services, Project Management, and some GIS Services.
- 4) ERP employee count. ERP Support services are allocated based on the number of employees in each department.
- 5) Telecommunications services are allocated by phone number and ServiceNow Data.
- 6) Mobile device costs are allocated by usage (minutes/data). Cost of program management is allocated by device at \$4.36 per month per device.

MAIL AND DISTRIBUTION FUND accounts for the County's Mail / Distribution and Records Management operations.

Rate Methodology

- 1) Mail/Distribution charges are based on an average of the prior three fiscal year's actual operating and maintenance costs. Mail/Distribution costs are billed to departments.
 - a) Operational costs are allocated based on a fixed stop charge at \$7,998/year/stop point allocation.
 - b) Special deliveries are charged at \$85 per hour.
 - c) Pass Through (Postage, UPS, etc.) are billed on actual usage.
- 2) Record Management costs are allocated by four categories:
 - a) Record Center costs are allocated based on an average of the prior three fiscal year's past activity in relation to record actions, boxes accessioned, and boxes stored. Department percentages in these three areas are averaged for an overall percentage of program usage.
 - b) Electronic Records costs are allocated on a one year look-back of activity.

- c) Archives costs are allocated out to departments by prior year adopted budget County FTE
- d) Administration costs are allocated out to departments by prior year adopted budget County FTE

FACILITIES MANAGEMENT FUND accounts for the management of all County-owned and leased facilities and for Electronic Services.

Facilities utilize a base allocation rate, which it charges to each department depending on the amount and type of space being occupied by each. The base rate accounts for the cost of annual operations and maintenance for the space being provided. It's calculated by analyzing prior year(s) costs, and current year budgeted costs. Facilities also calculates a burden rate differentiated by activity type to capture the direct cost of employees who perform services at facilities or for departments. The burden rate is also calculated via analyzing the prior year(s) costs, coupled with current year budgeted costs.

The base allocation rate varies from \$8.95 - \$26.07 per square foot per year, depending on the type and quantity of space being utilized by each department. The burden rate for labor costs varies by activity type.

RISK MANAGEMENT FUND accounts for the County's risk management activities including insurance coverage for property, liability, unemployment, workers' compensation, and medical and dental coverage for active and retired employees. The Risk Management Fund also provides for workplace safety and wellness.

An analysis of historical claims data is used to determine the annual cost of most Risk Management Fund activities. Certain insurance premiums (i.e., Property and Hazard) are established through a competitive bid process based on the County's legal requirements. An appropriate level of funding is also included in the rate to account for incurred but not reported expenses as determined by an actuarial assessment. Medical and dental rates are also established based on an annual actuarial assessment of costs to be incurred.

Insurance rates vary by department based on worker's compensation and liability claims experience and range from 6.90% to 9.15% of payroll. In addition, departments are charged a flat rate for active employee healthcare.

Multnomah County is self-insured for the following activities:

- Liability
- Worker's Compensation
- Unemployment
- Active Employee and Retiree Healthcare

Reserves are allocated, first to the County's unfunded actuarial liability for retiree healthcare. The Financial Policies adopted annually by the Board of County Commissioners specify that the County would fund up to 30% of the retiree healthcare liability (commonly known as OPEB) by the end of fiscal year 2019. The liability is approximately \$121 million based on the most recent OPEB actuarial valuation (January 1, 2023).

SELF-INSURANCE INFORMATION

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. The County has an established risk management program for liability, workers' compensation and medical/dental, whereby premiums are calculated on payroll expenditures in all County funds and are paid into the risk management fund. The funds are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and reduce administrative costs of the program. These interfund premiums are used to offset the amount of claims expenditure reported in the risk management fund. Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are re-evaluated periodically to consider the effect of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of payouts), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Discount factors of 0.977 and 0.962 were used to estimate the year-end worker's compensation component and liability component, respectively. The County's excess insurance coverage policies cover claims in excess of \$1 million for workers' compensation and \$1 million for all liability claims.

How Are Contributions Determined?

An analysis of historical claims data is used to determine the annual budget for most Risk Management Fund activities. Certain insurance premiums (i.e., Property and Hazard) are established through a competitive bid process based on the County's legal requirements. An appropriate level of funding is established to account for excess claims and/or incurred but not reported expenses.

Description of the Procedures Used to Charge or Allocate Fund Contributions

Departments are charged a percentage of payroll expense for the activities included in the Risk Management Fund. Medical and dental premiums are established based on an annual actuarial assessment, which is performed by the County's benefit consultant. All departments pay a flat rate per employee for active employee healthcare costs. Rates for medical, dental, health promotion, and non-exempt employees' life insurance will be billed at the same dollar amount no matter what the individual level of coverage is.

For fiscal year 2025, the flat amounts are:

- \$21,457 for full-time employees
- \$16,093 for Local 88 three-quarter time employees
- \$12,247 for half-time employees

Self-Insurance/Risk Management Fund Reserve Level

Multnomah County maintains a reserve that is considered adequate based on actuarial assessments for all self-insured risks including reported and adjudicated claims, reported but not adjudicated claims, and incurred but not reported claims.

Actuarial and Insurance Reports

Per code, Multnomah County receives an annual actuarial assessment every three years for workers compensation and outstanding liability for insurance risks. This report is kept on hand and is available for viewing upon request.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows (expressed in thousands):

F	iscal Year	F	iscal Year
En	ded 6/30/23	En	ded 6/30/22
\$	9,352	\$	11,998
	51,738		41,416
	(2,010)		(5,226)
	(49,073)		(38,836)
\$	10,007	\$	9,352
		51,738 (2,010) (49,073)	Ended 6/30/23 En \$ 9,352 \$ 51,738 (2,010) (49,073)

Fiscal Year 2023 Total Claims and IBNR Reserves by category:

•	Workers Comp	\$3.3 million
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- General Liability \$2.0 million
- Medical/Dental \$4.7 million

FRINGE BENEFITS COSTS

Fringe Benefit Policy

The County provides a comprehensive fringe benefits package to employees depending on the contract, position and employment status. Furthermore, most retired employees are also eligible for these benefits, though some restrictions may apply.

Description of the Procedures Used to Charge or Allocate Costs of Benefits

Similar to the allocation of fund contributions in the Risk Management fund, departments are charged a percentage of payroll expense for benefitted activities related to fringe benefits. Medical and dental premiums are established based on an annual actuarial assessment, which is performed by the County's benefit consultant. All departments pay a flat rate per employee for active employee healthcare costs.

Additional information on the County's fiscal year 2025 budget process can be found on line at: <u>https://multco.us/budget/fy-2025-budget-manuals-forms-calendars-and-other-resources</u>

PENSION AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

Postemployment benefits other than pensions

The other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for the County combines two separate plans. The County makes contributions to the State of Oregon's Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) Retirement Health Insurance Account, and provides the Multnomah County Postretirement Medical and Life Insurance Plan (County Plan).

State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System - Retirement Health Insurance Account

<u>Plan Description.</u> The County contributes to the OPERS Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. ORS 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by telephone (503) 598-7377; by writing to OPERS, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700, or online: http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

Plan Benefits:

Funding policy. Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may only be amended by the Oregon Legislature. ORS requires that an amount equal to \$60 (dollars) or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by the employers; and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 (dollars) shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410.

To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost, the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in an OPERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS, or was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating governments are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, currently 0.05 percent of annual covered payroll for Tier One, Tier Two and for OPSRP employees. The OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rate. The rate is based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the combined participant employers. This is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 75. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover

normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a closed period not to exceed 30 years.

Governmental funds that liquidate other postemployment benefits for RHIA include: the General Fund, Federal/State Program Fund, Coronavirus (COVID-19) Response Fund, Preschool for All Program Fund, Multnomah County Library Capital Construction Fund, Road Fund, Animal Control Fund, Willamette River Bridges Fund, Library Fund, Land Corner Preservation Fund, Inmate Welfare Fund, Justice Services Special Operations Fund, Video Lottery Fund, Supportive Housing Fund, Downtown Courthouse Capital Fund, Library Capital Construction Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, Information Technology Fund, Asset Preservation Fund, Health Headquarters Capital Fund, and Burnside Bridge Fund.

<u>Contributions.</u> The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 0.05 percent of the covered payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 employees, actuarially determined as an amount that is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year. Employees are not required to contribute to the RHIA plan. Contributions by the County to the RHIA plan equaled the required contributions each year and were:

Fiscal Year	
Ended	RHIA
June 30,	Contributions
2019	1,006
2020	856
2021	70
2022	89
2023	48

RHIA OPEB Asset, Expense, Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the County reported an asset of \$12,805 for its proportionate share of the collective net RHIA OPEB asset. The collective net RHIA OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total RHIA OPEB asset used to calculate the collective net RHIA OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The County's proportionate share of the collective net RHIA OPEB asset was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the RHIA OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The County's proportionate share at June 30, 2022 was 3.604 and 2.618 percent respectively, resulting in an increase of 0.986 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized a net reduction in expenses of \$982 for RHIA OPEB. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to RHIA OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	Net Deferred Outflows /
	Outflows	Inflows	(Inflows)
Schedule of Deferred Outflows / (Inflows) of Resources	of Resources	of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$-	\$ (347)	\$ (347)
Changes of assumptions	100	(427)	(327)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on investments	-	(977)	(977)
Changes in proportionate share	4,731	(1,501)	3,230
Total (prior to post-measurement date contributions)	4,831	(3,252)	1,579
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	48		48
Net deferred outflows / (inflows) of resources	<u>\$ 4,879</u>	<u>\$ (3,252)</u>	\$ 1,627

Deferred outflows of resources of \$48 were reported related to RHIA OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net RHIA OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported by the County as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to RHIA OPEB will be recognized in RHIA OPEB expense in subsequent years as follows:

	Differences between		Net Difference Between		Net Deferred
Fiscal Year	Expected and		Projected and	Changes in	Outflows /
Ending	Actual	Changes in	Actual Earnings	Proportionate	(Inflows) of
<u>June 30,</u>	Experience	Assumptions	on Investments	<u>Share</u>	<u>Resources</u>
2024	(253)	(184)	(314)	3,730	2,979
2025	(94)	(143)	(359)	(500)	(1,096)
2026	-	-	(616)	-	(616)
2027			312		312
Total	\$ (347)	\$ (327)	\$ (977)	\$ 3,230	\$ 1,579

The total RHIA OPEB asset based on the December 31, 2020 valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation date Measurement date Experience study Actuarial cost method Normal Actuarial assumptions: Inflation rate Long-term expected rate of return percent Discount rate percent	December 31, 2020 June 30, 2022 2020, Published July 20, 2021 Entry Age 2.4 percent 6.9 6.9				
1	2.4 managent				
Projected salary increases Cost of living adjustments (COLA)	3.4 percent Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA (1.25% / 0.15%) in accordance with Moro decision, blend based on service				
Mortality	 Health retirees and beneficiaries: Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex- distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active Members: Pub-2010 Employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Disabled retirees: Pub-2010 Disable Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. 				

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total RHIA OPEB asset was 6.9 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from County will be

made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on this assumption, the RHIA OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected RHIA OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on RHIA OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total RHIA OPEB asset.

GASB 74 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the total OPEB liability. The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position (fair value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where fiduciary net position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative costs.

Sensitivity analysis of the County's proportionate share of the net RHIA OPEB asset to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net RHIA OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.9 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net RHIA OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.9 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.9 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
		Decrease (5.9)%	Dis	count Rate (6.9)%	19	% Increase (7.9)%
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(11,541)	\$	(12,805)	\$	(13,889)

Long-term expected rate of return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the investment return assumption, in June 2021, the OPERS Board reviewed long-term real return outlooks developed by Milliman's capital market outlook team for each of the asset classes in which the plan is invested based on the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) long-term target asset allocation, and combined those real return outlooks with a 2.4 percent inflation assumption to develop nominal expected returns. Since the OIC uses broader asset classes than those for which Milliman's investment professionals develop long-term assumptions, Milliman received assistance from Meketa, OIC's primary consultant, to map each OIC asset class to the classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, including the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on average historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. Based on the target allocation and investment return assumptions for each of the asset classes, the model's 50th percentile output is developed as follows:

		20-Year
		Annualized
	Target	Geometric
Asset Class	Allocation	Mean
Global Equity	30.62%	5.85%
Private Equity	25.50%	7.71%
Core Fixed Income	23.75%	2.73%
Real Estate	12.25%	5.66%
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75%	5.71%
Infrastructure	1.50%	6.26%
Commodities	0.63%	3.10%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.25%	5.11%
Hedge Fund Equity-Hedge	0.63%	5.31%
Hedge Fund - Macro	5.62%	5.06%
US Cash	(2.50)%	1.76%
Portfolio - net of investment expenses	100.00%	6.31%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.40%

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Multnomah County Postretirement Retiree Medical and Life Insurance Plan

<u>Plan description.</u> The County also administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare and life insurance plan (the Plan) per the requirements of collective bargaining agreements. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the County and representatives of collective bargaining units. The Plan states the County shall pay 50 percent of the monthly medical insurance premium on behalf of a County retiree and his/her eligible dependents from the retiree's 58th birthday or date of retirement, whichever is later, until the retiree's 65th birthday, death or eligibility for Medicare, whichever is earlier. Retirees must have five years of continuous County service immediately preceding retirement at or after age 58, or ten years of continuous County available financial report.

Plan benefits

<u>Funding policy</u>. A trust fund has not been established to hold resources for the payment of benefits for the net OPEB obligation. Contribution requirements are negotiated between the County and union representatives. The Plan offers retirees a health benefit equal to half of their monthly premium; retirees are required to pay the other half. The County's regular health care benefit providers underwrite the retirees' policies. Retirees may not convert the benefit into an in-lieu payment to secure coverage under independent plans. The County is contractually obligated by

collective bargaining agreements to cover 50 percent of the annual premium costs, which are two percent of annual covered payroll to fund the Plan.

Governmental funds that liquidate other postemployment benefits for the Plan include: the General Fund, Federal/State Program Fund, Coronavirus (COVID-19) Response Fund, Preschool for All Program Fund, Multnomah County Library Capital Construction Fund, Road Fund, Animal Control Fund, Willamette River Bridges Fund, Library Fund, Land Corner Preservation Fund, Inmate Welfare Fund, Justice Services Special Operations Fund, Video Lottery Fund, Supportive Housing Fund, Downtown Courthouse Capital Fund, Library Capital Construction Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, Information Technology Fund, Asset Preservation Fund, Health Headquarters Capital Fund, and Burnside Bridge Fund.

At the date of the last valuation, January 1, 2023, there were 455 retirees enrolled in the OPEB medical benefit and 2,530 retirees with life coverage. Retirees with medical insurance noted above excludes post age 65 retirees who are not covering their pre-age 65 spouses and/or dependents, as the County does not incur any liability from those participants. In addition, retirees may enroll in dental insurance at their own cost; the County does not incur any liability for retiree dental coverage.

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2023, the County contributed \$6,933 to the Plan, of which \$3,422 was explicitly contributed as part of the contractual obligation described above; the remaining \$3,158 represents the implicit subsidy derived from active employee contributions. In addition, administrative expenses of \$353 are considered explicit contributions.

Actuarial methods and assumptions used in developing total OPEB liability

The total OPEB liability based on the January 1, 2023 valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Measurement date Actuarial assumptions: Discount rate:	January 1, 2023
As of January 1, 2022	2.06 percent
As of January 1, 2023	2.72 percent
	(Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index as of December 31, 2020, and December 31, 2021, and December 292 2022)
Healthcare cost trends	Ranges from 6.2 percent in 2024 decreasing to 4 percent in 2048
Wage inflation rate	3.4 percent per year
Salary merit increase rates	Rates used in 2020 OPERS experience study
Mortality	Rates used in 2020 OPERS experience study

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are

subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members), which includes the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liability (AAL) and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual is allocated on a level basis over the earnings or service of the individual between date of hire and assumed retirement date.

Changes since the last valuation

The discount rate was changed to match the yield on a 20-year general obligation bond. . Health care cost trend rates were updated. The assumed percentage of retirees electing coverage was reduced from 83 to 82 percent. The assumed difference in spouse age for female retirees was updated to better reflect recent experience. The spouse coverage rate for Local 88 retirees was updated to better reflect recent experience.

Changes in total OPEB liability

The table below shows the changes in the total OPEB liability during the measurement period ending on January 1, 2023.

		Total		
Changes in Total OPEB Liability	OPEB Liability			
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	126,162		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		8,187		
Interest		2,554		
Changes of benefits		6,499		
Differences between expected and actual experience		(8,861)		
Changes of assumptions		(12,612)		
Benefit payments:				
Explicit subsidy		(3,422)		
Implicit subsidy		(3,158)		
Net changes		(1,952)		
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$	121,210		

During the measurement year, the total OPEB liability increased by \$1,952. The service cost and interest cost increased the total OPEB liability by \$10,741 while benefit payments reduced the total OPEB liability by \$6,580.

There was a change in assumptions during the measurement year decreasing the discount rate, which increased the total OPEB liability by approximately \$12,612. There was a liability gain during the year due to actual health trend rates being lower than expected, which increased the total OPEB liability by approximately \$8,861.

Sensitivity analysis of the County's Plan for total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

Changes in the discount rate affect the measurement of the total OPEB liability. Lower discount rates produce a higher total OPEB liability and higher discount rates produce a lower total OPEB liability. The table below shows the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to the discount rate.

				Current			
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	Increase	
		2.72%		3.72%	4.72%		
Total OPEB liability	\$	129,377	\$	121,210	\$	113,578	

A one percent decrease in the discount rate increases the total OPEB liability by approximately 6.7 percent and a one percent increase in the discount rate decreases the total OPEB liability by approximately 6.3 percent.

Sensitivity analysis of the County's Plan for total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare trends

Changes in the healthcare trends also affect the measurement of the total OPEB liability. Lower healthcare trends produce a lower total OPEB liability and higher healthcare trends produce a higher total OPEB liability. The table below shows the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to the health care trends.

			He	ealthcare			
	1%	Decrease		Trend	1% Increase		
Net OPEB liability	\$	110,174	\$	121,210	\$	134,062	

A one percent decrease in the healthcare trends decreases the total OPEB liability by approximately 9.1 percent and a one percent increase in the healthcare trends increases the total OPEB liability by approximately 10.6 percent.

OPEB deferred inflows and outflows of resources

The table below summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows of resources related to the Plan along with the net recognition over the next five years and the total recognition thereafter, if any.

					Ne	t Deferred	
	De	eferred	Ι	Deferred	0	utflows /	
	Οι	utflows]	Inflows	(Inflows)		
Schedule of Deferred Outflows / (Inflows) of Resources	of R	esources	sources of Resou			of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	6,408	\$	(12,021)	\$	(5,613)	
Changes in assumptions		5,377		(12,706)		(7,329)	
Subtotal		11,785		(24,727)		(12,942)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date:							
Explicit subsidy		1,222		-		1,222	
Implicit subsidy		2,051		-		2,051	
Administrative expenses		134		-		134	
Total contributions subsequent to measurement date		3,407		-		3,407	
Net deferred outflows / (inflows) of resources	\$	15,192	\$	(24,727)	\$	(9,535)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows due to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Future
Fiscal Year	Recognition of
Ending June 30,	OPEB Expense
2024	(3,398)
2025	(3,929)
2026	(807)
2027	(1,866)
2028	(2,070)
Thereafter	(872)
Total	\$ (12,942)

The impacts of experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the total OPEB liability are recognized in expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members of the Plan. As of the measurement date, this recognition period was seven years.

During the year, actual experience differed from assumed experience decreasing the total OPEB liability by \$6,499. Approximately \$928 is recognized in the current year and an identical amount will be recognized in each of the next six years. Unrecognized experience gains from prior years were \$15,909, of which \$3,887 is recognized in the current year.

Unrecognized experience losses from prior years was \$1,136, of which \$298 is recognized in the current year. As of January 1, 2023 unrecognized experience gains and losses from the current and prior years result in deferred inflows of resources of approximately \$12,021 and a deferred outflow of resources of approximately \$6,408.

In addition, changes in assumptions increased the total OPEB liability by approximately \$12,611. Approximately \$1,801 is recognized in the current year and an identical amount will be recognized in each of the next six years. Unrecognized assumption changes from the prior year that increased the total OPEB liability by \$4,540, of which \$1,064 is recognized in the current year. As of January 1, 2023, unrecognized assumption changes from the current and prior years result in a deferred outflow of resources of approximately \$5,377 and a deferred inflow of resources of approximately \$12,706.

Aggregated information on OPEB plans

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized a net OPEB expense of \$115. The aggregate balance of the County's total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense related to other postemployment benefits for the County Plan and OPERS RHIA as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

				OPERS	
	County Plan			RHIA	Totals
Governmental activities:					
Net OPEB asset (liability)	\$	(108,263)	\$	11,470	\$ (96,793)
Deferred outflows		13,569		4,370	17,939
Deferred inflows		(22,086)		(2,913)	(24,999)
OPEB expense (income)		(1,519)		(589)	 (2,108)
Total governmental activities		(118,299)		12,338	 (105,961)
Business-type activities:					
Net OPEB asset (liability)		(12,947)		1,335	(11,612)
Deferred outflows		1,623		509	2,132
Deferred inflows		(2,641)		(339)	(2,980)
OPEB expense (income)		2,616		(393)	 2,223
Total business-type activities		(11,349)		1,112	 (10, 237)
Totals:					
Net OPEB asset (liability)		(121,210)		12,805	(108,405)
Deferred outflows		15,192		4,879	20,071
Deferred inflows		(24,727)		(3,252)	(27,979)
OPEB expense (income)		1,097		(982)	 115
Totals	<u>\$</u>	(129,648)	\$	13,450	\$ (116,198)

Employee retirement systems, pension plans and deferred compensation plan

State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

<u>Plan description.</u> The County is a participating employer in the Oregon Public Employee Retirement System (OPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee pension plan. The County also maintains a defined contribution plan for the purpose of individual retirement savings through OPERS: the Individual Account Program (IAP). Employees hired before August 29, 2003 belong to the Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit Program (established pursuant to ORS Chapter 238), while employees hired on or after August 29, 2003 belong to the OPSRP Pension Program (established pursuant to ORS Chapter 238A). OPERS is administered under Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 238 and Internal Revenue Service 401(a) by the Public Employees Retirement Board (OPERS Board).

OPERS, a fiduciary fund of the State of Oregon, issues a comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained from Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, Oregon 97281, or at: <u>https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx</u>

<u>Summary of significant accounting policies – basis of accounting and valuation of investments.</u> For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPERS plan and additions to/deductions from OPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined using the accrual basis of accounting, same as the OPERS plan. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due, pursuant to legal (or statutory) requirements. The County's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. All plan investments are recognized at fair value as determined by OPERS.

Plan Benefits

All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A.

Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefits

Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

<u>Pension benefits.</u> The OPERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under

a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at a minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

<u>Death benefits.</u> Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- The member was employed by an OPERS employer at the time of death,
- The member died within 120 days after termination of OPERS-covered employment,
- The member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in an OPERS-covered job, or
- The member was on an official leave of absence from an OPERS-covered job at the time of death.

<u>Disability benefits.</u> A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member for disability benefits regardless of the length of OPERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

<u>Benefit changes after retirement.</u> Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360, monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living adjustments (COLA). Under current law, the cap on COLA is 2 percent, blended based on service, and graded (1.25 percent/0.5 percent).

OPSRP Pension Program

<u>Pension benefits.</u> The Pension Program (ORS Chapter 238A) provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated by formula for members who attain normal retirement age.

• For general service members, 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit. For police and fire members, 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary.

• Normal retirement age for police and fire members are age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

<u>Death benefits.</u> Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse or other person may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached 70 1/2 years.

<u>Disability benefits</u>. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

<u>Benefit changes after retirement.</u> Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living adjustments (COLA). Under current law, the cap on COLA is 2 percent, blended based on service, and graded (1.25 percent/0.5 percent).

Contributions

<u>Funding policy</u>. OPERS funding policy provides for periodic member and employer contributions at rates established by the Public Employees Retirement Board, subject to limits set in statute. The rates established for member and employer contributions were approved based on the recommendations of the System's third-party actuary. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the OPERS defined benefit plan and the other postemployment plan.

Governmental funds that liquidate pension benefits include: the General Fund, Federal/State Program Fund, Coronavirus (COVID-19) Fund, Preschool for All Program Fund, Multnomah County Library Capital Construction Fund, Road Fund, Animal Control Fund, Willamette River Bridges Fund, Library Fund, Land Corner Preservation Fund, Inmate Welfare Fund, Justice Services Special Operations Fund, Video Lottery Fund, Supportive Housing Fund, Downtown Courthouse Capital Fund, Library Capital Construction Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, Information Technology Fund, Asset Preservation Fund, Health Headquarters Capital Fund, Sellwood Bridge Replacement Fund, Hansen Building Replacement Fund, and Burnside Bridge Fund.

Covered employees are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the Plan, but the employer is allowed to pay any or all of the employees' contribution in addition to the required employers'

contribution. The County has elected to contribute the 6 percent "pick-up" or \$20,632 of the employees' contribution for the year ended June 30, 2023; of which \$5,166 was redirected to the Employee Pension Stability Account by OPERS. The remaining \$22,466 of this "pick-up" is allocated to each employee's Individual Account Program (IAP).

The County's employer contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2023 were 20.91 percent for Tier One/Tier Two members, 15.26 percent for OPSRP General Service members, and 19.62 percent for OPSRP Police and Fire members. The County's total contributions, excluding the IAP 6 percent "pick-up," for the year ended June 30, 2023 were:

	Contributions				
Pension benefits	\$	63,539			
OPSRP defined benefit		38,441			
Subtotal		101,980			
Side account		31,250			
Side account amortization		(15,001)			
Side account subtotal		16,249			
Total defined benefit pension	\$	118,229			
Total IAP benefits	\$	27,632			
RHIA benefits	\$	48			

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$541,251 for its proportionate share of the collective OPERS net pension liability. The collective net pension asset/liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, using the actuarial valuation of December 31, 2020. The County's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The County's proportionate share at June 30, 2022 was 3.535 and 3.315 percent respectively, resulting in a decrease of 0.2196 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized a total negative pension expense of \$34,194 which was reclassified as revenue. The balance of the County's net pension liability, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and expense related to other postemployment benefits for the pension as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Pension
Governmental activities:	
Net pension liability	\$ (484,804)
Deferred outflows	247,995
Deferred inflows	(150, 878)
Expense related to pension	(40,710)
Total governmental activities	(428,397)
Business-type activities:	
Net pension liability	(56,447)
Deferred outflows	28,875
Deferred inflows	(17,567)
Expense related to pension	6,516
Total business-type activities	(38,623)
Totals:	
Net pension liability	(541,251)
Deferred outflows	276,870
Deferred inflows	(168, 445)
Expense related to pension	(34,194)
Totals	\$ (467,020)

The County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

					Net
				Γ	Deferred
I	Deferred	D) eferred	O	utflows /
O	utflows of	In	flows of	(In	flows) of
R	lesources	Re	esources	R	esources
\$	26,273	\$	(3,375)	\$	22,898
	84,925		(776)		84,149
	-		(96,765)		(96,765)
	30,335		(4,395)		25,940
	17,108		(63,134)		(46,026)
	158,641	(168,445)		(9,804)
	118,229		-		118,229
\$	276,870	\$ (168,445)	\$	108,425
	O	84,925 30,335 17,108 158,641 118,229	Outflows of Resources In Resources \$ 26,273 \$ \$ 4,925 30,335 - 17,108 158,641 (118,229	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c cccccc} Deferred & Deferred & Or \\ Outflows of & Inflows of & (In \\ Resources & Resources & R \\ \hline \$ & 26,273 & \$ & (3,375) & \$ \\ \hline \$ & 26,273 & \$ & (3,375) & \$ \\ \hline \$ & 26,273 & \$ & (3,375) & \$ \\ \hline \hline \$ & 26,273 & \$ & (3,375) & \$ \\ \hline \hline \$ & 26,273 & \$ & (3,375) & \$ \\ \hline \hline \$ & 26,273 & \$ & (3,375) & \$ \\ \hline \hline \$ & 26,273 & \$ & (3,375) & \$ \\ \hline \hline \$ & 26,273 & \$ & (3,375) & \$ \\ \hline \hline \$ & 26,273 & \$ & (3,375) & \$ \\ \hline \hline \hline $ & 17,108 & (63,134) & \\ \hline \hline \hline $ & 158,641 & (168,445) & \\ \hline \hline \hline $ & 118,229 & - & \\ \hline \hline \end{array}$

The total deferred outflows of resources of \$118,229, were reported related to pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024.

In addition to these deferred outflows, the County has made side account payment for \$25,000. Side accounts are treated as a deferred outflow for contributions in excess of the County's proportionate share of contributions in subsequent years and amortized. The County received an

allotment from the Employer Incentive Fund for \$6,250 for their participation in OPERS. There was an amortization of OPERS side accounts for a reduction of \$15,001.

Other amounts reported by the County as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense and a reduction of the net pension liability/collective net pension liability in subsequent years as follows:

						Difference						
					Between							
					Net	Difference			E	mployer		
	Di	fferences			Between Contributions							
	В	etween			Projected and					and	Net	Deferred
Fiscal Year	Exp	ected and			Actual	Ch	anges in	Pro	portionate	0	utflows/	
Ending	Ending Actual		Changes in		Earnings on		Pro	portionate	S	share of	(In	flows) of
June 30,	Ex	perience	Ass	umptions	Investments		Investments Shar		Contributions		Resources	
2024	\$	11,463	\$	25,771	\$	(30,393)	\$	4,996	\$	(6,710)	\$	5,127
2025		6,989		22,726		(36,548)		5,376		(7,516)		(8,973)
2026		3,997		22,962		(65,054)		5,809		(12,320)		(44,606)
2027		823		11,116		35,230		6,415		(13,245)		40,339
2028		(374)		1,574		-		3,342		(6,235)		(1,693)
Total	\$	22,898	\$	84,149	\$	(96,765)	\$	25,938	\$	(46,026)	\$	(9,806)

Actuarial methods and assumptions used in developing total pension liability

The total pension liability based on the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date Measurement date Experience Study Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial assumptions: Inflation rate Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	December 31, 2020 June 30, 2022 2020, published July 20, 2021 Entry Age Normal 2.4 percent 6.9 percent
Discount rate Projected salary increases Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	6.9 percent 3.4 percent Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with Moro decision, blend based on service
Mortality	 Healthy retirees and beneficiaries: Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active members: Pub-2010 Employees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in valuation Disabled retirees: PUB-2010 Disabled retiree, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in valuation Disabled retirees: PUB-2010 Disabled retiree, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2020 Experience Study, which reviewed the four year period ended on December 31, 2020.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the Plan was 6.9 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the total pension liability. The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position (fair value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where fiduciary net position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative costs.

Sensitivity analysis of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.9 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.9 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.9 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	5.9%	6.9%	7.9%
County's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability	\$959,863	\$ 541,251	\$190,893

Long-term expected rate of return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the investment return assumption, in July 2021, the OPERS Board reviewed long-term real return outlooks developed by Milliman's capital market team for each of the asset classes in which the plan is invested based on the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) long-term target asset allocation, and combined those real return outlooks with a 2.4 percent inflation assumption to develop nominal expected returns. Since the OIC uses broader asset classes than those for which Milliman's investment professionals develop long-term assumptions, Milliman received assistance from Meketa, OIC's primary consultant, to map each OIC asset class to the classes shown below.

Each asset class assumption was based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. Based on the target allocation and investment return assumptions for each of the asset classes, the model's 50th percentile output is developed as follows:

		20-Year
		Annualized
	Target	Geometric
Asset Class	Allocation	Mean
Global Equity	30.62%	5.85%
Private Equity	25.50%	7.71%
Core Fixed Income	23.75%	2.73%
Real Estate	12.25%	5.66%
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75%	5.71%
Infrastructure	1.50%	6.26%
Commodities	0.63%	3.10%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.25%	5.11%
Hedge Fund Equity-Hedge	0.63%	5.31%
Hedge Fund – Macro	5.62%	5.06%
US Cash	-2.50%	1.76%
Portfolio - Net of Investment Expenses	100.00%	6.31%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.40%

OPSRP Individual Account Program

The defined contribution pension plan (called the Individual Account Program or IAP) is provided to all members or their beneficiaries who are OPERS or OPSRP eligible. State statutes require covered employees to contribute 6 percent of their annual covered salary to the IAP plan effective January 1, 2004. Multnomah County has elected to pay all of the employees' required IAP contributions. Although OPERS members retain their existing OPERS account, all current member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. The liability outstanding at June 30, 2023 was \$1,195 for the amount associated with the final year-end payroll and is included in the net pension liability in the *Statement of Net Position*.

<u>Pension benefits.</u> The IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date when the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

<u>Death benefits.</u> Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

<u>Recordkeeping.</u> OPERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

Deferred Compensation Plan

<u>Plan description</u>. The County offers employees a voluntary deferred compensation plan (the Plan) administered by the County. The Plan is a defined contribution plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The County's deferred compensation committee has the authority to establish or amend the plan provisions. The Plan is available to any individual who is an elected official of the County or who is employed by the County in a regular position after completing 30 days of service, and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years.

Participation in the plan is voluntary. Contributions are made through salary withholdings from participating employees up to the amounts specified in the code. No contributions are required from the County.

Amounts deferred are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All assets and income of the Plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. No Plan assets have been used for purposes other than the payment of benefits. At June 30, 2023, the amount deferred and investment earnings thereon, adjusted to fair value, amount to \$617,865. The amounts accumulated under the Plan including investment earnings, are excluded from the financial statements of the County. Though the Plan is unaudited, private rulings by the Internal Revenue Service have been positive.

MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2023 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmen	t Activities - Internal S	Service Funds
	Risk Management	Fleet Management	Fleet Asset Replacement
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 108,225	\$ 1,388	\$ 9,162
Accounts receivable, net	2	113	-
Leases receivable	-	-	-
Inventories	-	712	-
Prepaid items	221		-
Total current assets	108,448	2,213	9,162
Noncurrent assets:			
Leases receivable	-	- 25	-
Net OPEB asset - RHIA	180	25	-
Capital assets: Construction in progress			
Other capital assets, net	-	- 887	5,932
Total noncurrent assets	180	912	5,932
Total assets	108,628	3,125	15,094
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF	108,028	5,125	15,094
RESOURCES			
OPEB - County Plan	215	30	-
OPEB - RHIA	69	9	-
Pension plan	3,897	533	
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,181	572	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	3,073	300	460
Payroll payable	176	26	-
Compensated absences	365	53	-
Claims and judgments payable	10,007	-	-
Accrued interest payable Right-of-use obligations	-	-	-
Total current liabilities	13,621	379	460
Noncurrent liabilities:	13,021		400
Compensated absences	390	_	-
Right-of-use obligations		-	-
Total OPEB liability - County Plan	1,712	243	-
Net pension liability	7,618	1,042	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	9,720	1,285	-
Total liabilities	23,341	1,664	460
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			
RESOURCES			
Leases	-	-	-
OPEB - County Plan	349	50	-
OPEB - RHIA	46	6	-
Pension plan	2,371	324	
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,766	380	-
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets	-	887	5,932
Unrestricted	86,702	766	8,702
Total net position	\$ 86,702	\$ 1,653	\$ 14,634

Information Technology	Mail Distribution		Facilities Management		Total Internal Service Funds
\$ 2,597	\$ 631	\$	7,876	\$	129,879
2	-		520		637
-	-		71		71
-	148		707		1,567
7,771	96		259		8,347
10,370	875		9,433		140,501
-	-		1,173		1,173
544	23		263		1,035
621	-		-		621
24,583	22		42,478		73,902
25,748	45		43,914		76,731
36,118	920		53,347	_	217,232
624	27		308		1,204
207	9		100		394
11,751	503		5,679		22,363
12,582	539		6,087		23,961
4,046	218		5,331		13,428
589	26		291		1,108
1,366	54		617		2,455
-	-		-		10,007
287	-		1		288
3,984	-		7,394	_	11,378
10,272	298		13,634		38,664
781	-		175		1,340
11,193	-		32,030		43,223
4,978	215		2,459		9,607
22,972	982		11,103		43,717
39,924	1,197		45,767		97,893
 50,196	1,495		59,401		136,557
-	-		1,244		1,244
1,016	44		502		1,961
138	6		67		263
7,149	306		3,455		13,605
 8,303	356		5,268		17,073
10,028	22		3,053		19,922
(19,827)	(414)	<u>_</u>	(8,288)	<u>+</u>	67,64
(9,799)	\$ (392)	\$	(5,235)	\$	87,56

MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Government Activities - Internal Service Funds					
]	Risk Management		Fleet Management		Fleet Asset Replacement
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	134,515	\$	7,162	\$	2,427
Intergovernmental charges for services		-		-		-
Insurance premiums		11,126		-		-
Licenses and permits		6		-		-
Interest Miscellaneous		2,148		- 19		-
		147,795		7,181		2,427
Total operating revenues		147,795		/,101		2,427
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Cost of sales and services		145,901		4,807		-
Administration		2,263		813		-
Depreciation and amortization		-		381		1,525
Total operating expenses		148,164		6,001		1,525
Operating income (loss)		(369)		1,180		902
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest revenue		2,511		17		223
Interest expense		-		-		-
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-		334		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		2,511		351		223
Income (loss) before contributions						
and transfers		2,142		1,531		1,125
T ()						270
Transfers in Transfers out		-		(379)		379
Capital contributions in		-		(379)		126
Capital contributions in						120
Change in net position		2,142		1,152		1,630
Total net position - beginning		84,560		501		13,004
Total net position - ending	\$	86,702	\$	1,653	\$	14,634
Total net position - ending	\$	86,702	\$	1,653	\$	14,634

	Government Activities - Internal Service Funds					
	Information Technology	Mail Distribution		Facilities Management		Total Internal Service Funds
\$	66,779	\$ 4,006	\$	72,288	\$	287,177
φ		\$ 4,000	φ	1,131	φ	1,131
	-	-		-		11,126
	-	-		-		6
	-	-		39		39
	-	-		160		2,327
	66,779	4,006		73,618		301,806
	55,117	3,442		61,755		271,022
	3,656	431		1,524		8,687
	6,792	6		9,753		18,457
	65,565	3,879		73,032		298,166
	1,214	127		586		3,640
	195	10		108		3,064
	(326)	-		(1,147)		(1,473)
	(520)	-		(1,117) (2)		332
	(131)	10		(1,041)		1,923
	1,083	137		(455)		5,563
	75	-		124		578
	(1,880)	-		(365)		(2,624)
	-			-		126
	(722)	137		(696)		3,643
	(9,077)	(529)		(4,539)		83,920
\$	(9,799)	\$ (392)	\$	(5,235)	\$	87,563

MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue funds June 30, 2023 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Information			
	Capital Improvement Fund	Technology Capital Fund	Asset Preservation Fund	Fleet Asset Replacement Fund	Total Non-Operating Transfers Out
Non-operating transfers Out Fleet Management				379	379
Information Technology Facilities Management	171	1,880	194		1,880 365
Total Non-operating Tranfers In	\$ 171	\$ 1,880	\$ 194	\$ 379	\$ 2,624

Appendices

CERTIFICATE OF INDIRECT COSTS

This is to certify that I have reviewed the indirect cost rate proposal submitted herewith and to the best of my knowledge and belief:

(1) All costs included in this proposal for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 to establish billing or final indirect cost rates for the fiscal year July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2025 are allowable in accordance with the requirements of the Federal award(s) to which they apply and the provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations Title 2, Chapter I, Chapter II, Part 200, et al., "Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards." Unallowable costs have been adjusted for in allocating costs as indicated in the indirect cost proposal.

(2) All costs included in this proposal are properly allocable to Federal awards on the basis of a beneficial or causal relationship between the expenses incurred and the agreements to which they are allocated in accordance with applicable requirements. Further, the same costs that have been treated as indirect costs have not been claimed as direct costs. Similar types of costs have been accounted for consistently and the Federal Government will be notified of any accounting changes that would affect the predetermined rate.

I declare that the foregoing is true and correct.

Government Unit:

Multnomah County

Signature:

Name of Official:

Title:

Date of Execution:

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C	m	

Eric Arellano

Chief Financial Officer

December 21, 2023

CERTIFICATE OF COST ALLOCATION PLAN

This is to certify that I have reviewed the cost allocation plan submitted herewith and to the best of my knowledge and belief:

(1) All costs included in this proposal for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 to establish cost allocations or billings for the fiscal year July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2025 are allowable in accordance with the requirements of the Code of Federal Regulations Title 2, Chapter I, Chapter II, Part 200, et al., "Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards," and the Federal award(s) to which they apply. Unallowable costs have been adjusted for in allocating costs as indicated in the cost allocation plan.

(2) All costs included in this proposal are properly allocable to Federal awards on the basis of a beneficial or causal relationship between the expenses incurred and the Federal awards to which they are allocated in accordance with applicable requirements. Further, the same costs that have been treated as indirect costs have not been claimed as direct costs. Similar types of costs have been accounted for consistently.

I declare that the foregoing is true and correct.

Government Unit:	Multnomah County
Signature:	hul
Name of Official:	Eric Arellano
Title:	Chief Financial Officer
Date of Execution:	December 21, 2023