

Department: Community Justice **Program Contact:** Stuart Walker
Program Offer Type: Existing Operating Program **Program Offer Stage:** As Proposed
Related Programs:
Program Characteristics:

Executive Summary

Department of Community Justice (DCJ) adheres to evidence-based risk principles to determine supervision levels ensuring resources are targeted to the highest risk. Multnomah County receives a large number of high risk individuals and is still able to produce lower recidivism rates for these cases compared to the statewide average. The Reduced Supervision model takes care not to bring justice-involved individuals (JIIs) who are low risk deeper into the criminal justice system, provides minimal supervision, and encourages increased self-sufficiency.

Program Summary

High risk supervision uses evidence-based strategies to identify criminogenic risk factors to supervise high risk individuals on probation and parole. DCJ utilizes the Level of Service/Case Management Inventory (LS/CMI), the Women’s Risk Need Assessment (WRNA) and the Public Safety Checklist (PSC) assessment tools to measure the risks and needs of adults. The LS/CMI is also a fully functioning case management tool that provides a summary of the individual’s static and dynamic criminogenic risk and need factors, as well as special responsivity considerations to be deployed during supervision. The WRNA is a gender responsive risk assessment created with justice-involved women’s social and psychological needs in mind. The PSC provides a quick, objective, validated assessment of the probability an individual will be re-convicted of a felony or rearrested for a person or property offense based on specific characteristics.

DCJ continues to use Effective Practices in Community Supervision (EPICS), an evidence-based case management model. With EPICS, Parole-Probation Officers (PPO) follow a structured approach to their interactions with their clients, allowing PPOs to effectively target the criminogenic needs using cognitive behavioral interventions for high risk individuals. PPOs also integrate trauma-informed practices and brain science into their daily work and utilize data to track disparities.

PPOs reinforce law-abiding behavior and link clients to treatment, employment and other services. Supervision is conducted through: a) home and office visits; b) contacts with family; c) correspondence with community members and treatment providers; and d) collaboration with law enforcement agencies.

The COVID-19 pandemic impacted operations beginning in March 2020. PPOs had limited in-person visits to address immediate public safety concerns and address high risk behaviors. Field visits resumed in February 2021 and office visits in October 2021, with staff taking the necessary safety precautions. PPOs are meeting clients face-to-face on a regular basis and have resumed all case management practices.

Performance Measures

Measure Type	Primary Measure	FY21 Actual	FY22 Budgeted	FY22 Estimate	FY23 Offer
Output	Number of high risk adults supervised annually in West Program	1,552	2,000	1,500	1,500
Outcome	Percent of adults who are convicted of a misdemeanor or felony within 1 year of supervision start date	6%	15%	5%	5%

Performance Measures Descriptions

Measure 1: FY 2021 Actual and FY 2022 Estimate have been significantly affected by COVID-19.

Revenue/Expense Detail

	Adopted General Fund	Adopted Other Funds	Proposed General Fund	Proposed Other Funds
Program Expenses	2022	2022	2023	2023
Personnel	\$2,576,396	\$2,117,929	\$2,663,918	\$2,229,117
Contractual Services	\$22,318	\$29,900	\$22,318	\$29,900
Materials & Supplies	\$653	\$0	\$497	\$0
Internal Services	\$0	\$357,505	\$0	\$342,616
Total GF/non-GF	\$2,599,367	\$2,505,334	\$2,686,733	\$2,601,633
Program Total:	\$5,104,701		\$5,288,366	
Program FTE	16.13	14.43	16.02	14.54

Program Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$0	\$2,505,334	\$258,451	\$2,601,633
Other / Miscellaneous	\$250,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Revenue	\$250,000	\$2,505,334	\$258,451	\$2,601,633

Explanation of Revenues

This program generates \$342,616 in indirect revenues.

County General Fund (CGF) includes \$258,451 deposited into the CGF from the OR Dept of Corrections (DOC) Criminal Fine Account as required by HB5029 for the purpose of planning, operating and maintaining county juvenile and adult corrections programs and facilities and drug and alcohol programs. DOC uses the Grant-in-Aid Program allocation distribution formula among thirty-six counties under ORS 423.530. Multnomah County funding is distributed between DCJ (60%) and MCSO (40%). FY 2023 budget is 50% allocation for each fiscal year.

DOC also allocates Grant-in-Aid (SB1145) and Measure 57 Supplemental Fund (M57) to Multnomah County per the 2021-23 legislative adopted budget. FY 2023 is 51% allocation for the 2nd year of 2021-23 biennium budget:

- 1) \$1,983,506 portion of SB1145 supports supervision of justice-involved individuals, services, and local sanctions meeting requirements of ORS 423.525.
- 2) \$618,127 portion of M57 supports justice-involved individuals on active supervision who are convicted of specified drug and property crimes pertaining to M57 and have a substance abuse disorder.

Significant Program Changes

Last Year this program was: FY 2022: 50023 Adult Field Supervision - West

0.11 FTE Parole and Probation Officer shifted from general fund to SB1145 funding to balance the funding sources.

In FY 2022, \$250,000 in state criminal fines revenue was booked other/ miscellaneous revenue and it s/b (50180) intergovernmental revenue. In FY2023, \$258,451 was booked as state revenue (intergovernmental).