

**BEFORE THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
FOR MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON**

PROCLAMATION NO. 2019-059

Proclaiming June 19th, 2019 as Juneteenth Day in Multnomah County.

The Multnomah County Board of Commissioners Finds:

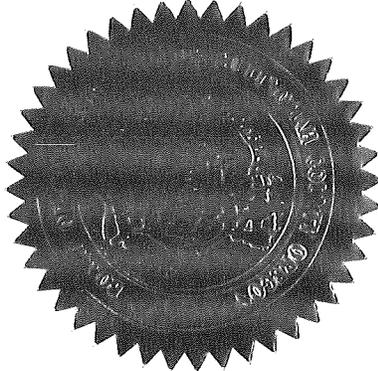
1. The Independence Day movement initiated by the Declaration of Independence on July 4, 1776 did not include the enslaved descendants of African Americans, nor were they recognized as full human beings under the Declaration of Independence.
2. Juneteenth is the annual observation recognizing the Emancipation Proclamation, which occurred on January 1, 1863 but all remaining slaves in Texas received the news on June 19, 1865. On this day 42 states in the US including the District of Columbia celebrate the abolition of slavery which gave all slaves freedom and equal rights. This day is also known as Freedom Day and Emancipation Day and is heavily recognized in African American communities nationwide. Juneteenth celebrates the end of slavery; not the day slavery ended. "Delayed emancipation was not caused by not-knowing; the culprit was lack of enforcement." (<http://portlandobserver.com/news/2018/may/23/juneteenth-origin-debunked/>). We celebrate Juneteenth because it was the beginning of freedom and abolition of slavery for African Americans in the United States.
3. Although President Abraham Lincoln signed an executive order known as the Emancipation Proclamation granting freedom to slaves in the states of the Confederacy on January 1, 1863 slave owners in the Confederate states continued to enslave people in defiance until well after the Civil War ended in April 1865.
4. When Union Major Gordon Granger read General Order Number 3 in Galveston, Texas, on June 19, 1865, it contained the important words, "all slaves are free", causing impromptu celebrations across the state as the long-delayed news spread.
5. Juneteenth is the oldest celebration commemorating the abolition of slavery in the United States today which celebrates the freedom and achievement of African Americans, while encouraging continuous self-development and respect for all cultures in the African diaspora.
6. In 1945, Vanport resident Clara Peoples, the "Mother of Juneteenth", brought the tradition from Muskogee, Oklahoma, to the Kaiser Shipyard in Oregon celebrating Juneteenth for the first time here in Multnomah County; Traditionally, the celebration of Juneteenth kicked off with the Clara Peoples Freedom Trail Parade, followed by a community festival. This was a time to celebrate and honor African Americans freedom with an emphasis on education and achievement.
7. In 1997, the 105th United States Congress passed Senate Joint Resolution 11 and House Joint Resolution 56 officially recognizing Juneteenth Independence Day.
8. In 2001, Juneteenth became a statewide holiday here in the State of Oregon in 2001 when Clara Peoples and Woody Broadnax worked with Senator Avel Gordly to have Juneteenth recognized in Oregon as a statewide day of Observance and declaration. Juneteenth is to be a day for celebration statewide of the dignity, worth, and freedom of all citizens. Members of the Seventy-first Oregon Legislative Assembly passed Joint Resolution 56 that proclaims June 19 of each year as Juneteenth Independence Day.

9. The city acknowledges the impacts of slavery, Jim Crow, Oregon's Black exclusion laws and gentrification on Black Oregonians and is committed to promote racial healing, reconciliation, restoration, justice and equitable opportunities of all people.

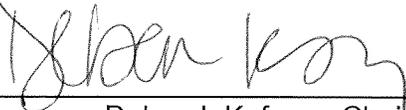
The Multnomah County Board of Commissioners Proclaims:

June 13th, 2019 as Juneteenth Day in Multnomah County, Oregon, and encourage all residents, institutions, businesses and community groups to observe Juneteenth as a day of remembrance and celebration.

ADOPTED this 13th day of June, 2019.



BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
FOR MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON



Deborah Kafoury, Chair

REVIEWED:
JENNY M. MADKOUR, COUNTY ATTORNEY
FOR MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON



By _____
Jenny M. Madkour, County Attorney