

Multnomah County March 9, 2023

Located at: www.multco.us/budget

Agenda

- Financial Context and Overview
- Economic Overview
 - Interest Rates
 - Population
- FY 2023 Revenue Review
 - BIT
 - Recording Fees
- FY 2024 General Fund 5-Year Forecast
 - Including Expenditure Assumptions
- FY 2024 One-Time-Only Funds
- FY 2023 General Fund Contingency Update
- Forecast Risks and Issues
- Summary and Questions



Financial Context

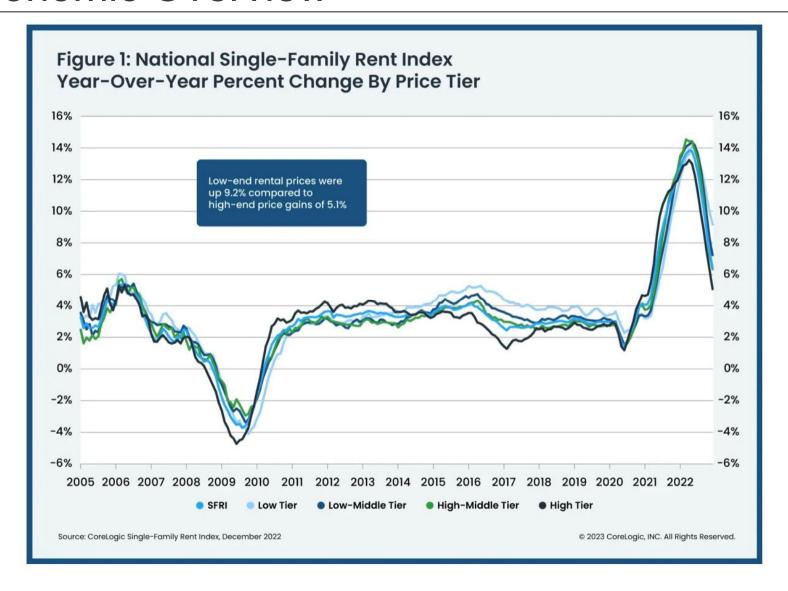
Table 1: Forecasted Ongoing General Fund Expenditures, Revenues, and Balance					
	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028
Revenues ¹	672,116,652	704,076,479	729,283,575	756,275,443	782,092,135
Expenditures	672,204,720	701,050,741	728,417,305	755,127,457	791,117,000
Ongoing Surplus/(Deficit)	(88,068)	3,025,738	866,270	1,147,985	(9,024,865)
BHRC Ongoing Funding Gap	(2,500,000)	(5,650,000)	(5,876,000)	(6,111,040)	(6,355,482)
November Forecast with BHRC	(2,588,068)	(2,624,262)	(5,009,730)	(4,963,055)	(15,380,347)
BIT Revenue Change	0	8,824,745	7,725,983	6,479,882	6,803,876
FY 2025 COLA Increase to 3.5%	0	(1,820,646)	(1,893,472)	(1,969,211)	(2,047,979)
March Forecast with BHRC	(2,588,068)	4,379,837	822,781	(452,383)	(10,624,450)
Note: Revenues/Expenditures include video lottery, but excludes reserves and one-time resources					

- Relatively small adjustments to forecast
- Federal Reserve, Rates, and Recession
 - Short- and Medium-Term Implications
- Personnel cost assumptions



- Federal Reserve showing mixed signals over last couple of weeks
 - Labor Market still hot
 - Inflation slowing but what about core?
- Three Options:
 - Inflation on sustainable path, soft landing
 - Core inflation still strong, resume rate increases and recession risk rises
 - Inflation slows, but not all the way and inflation target adjusts up
- Macroeconomy vs. MultCo Drivers

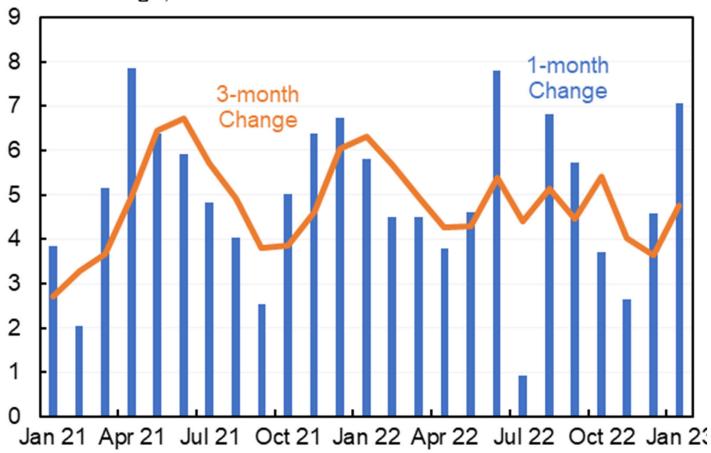






Core PCE Inflation

Percent Change, Annual Rate

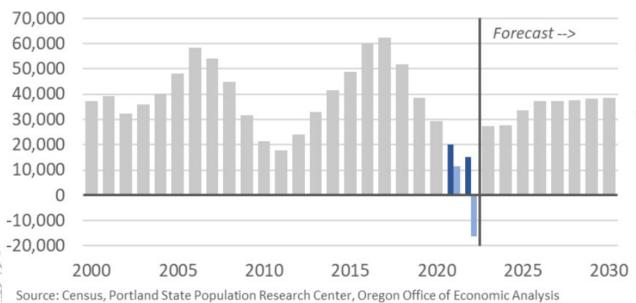


Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis via Macrobond; author's calculations.



Oregon Pandemic Population Growth

Annual change in total state population
OEA History and Forecast, Portland State Estimates, Census Bureau Estimates

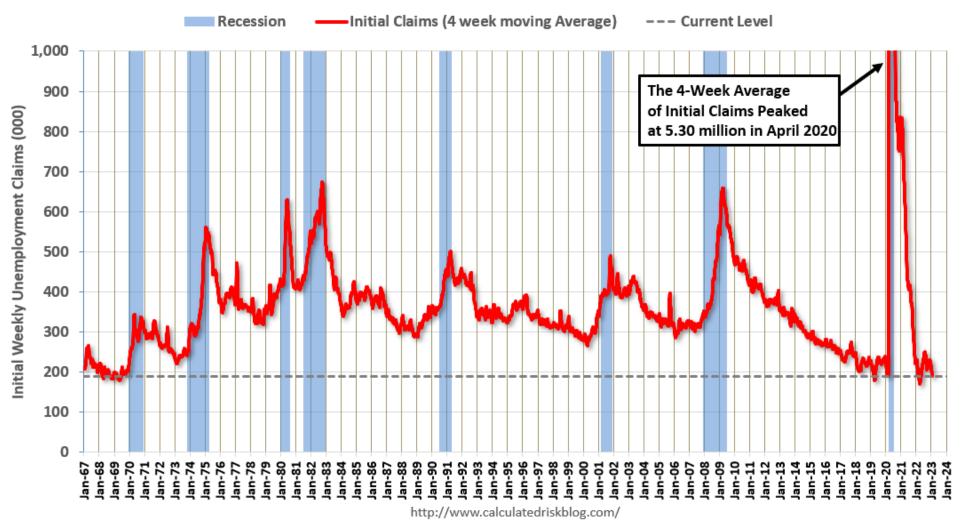


- Primary reason Oregon grows faster than U.S.
 - Local businesses can hire and expand at faster rate
- Weakness has been in urban cores of large metros nationwide
- Forecast
 - Migration has historically been pro-cyclical
 - Surrendered driver licenses at Oregon DMVs are strong
 - Deaths are rising, and birthrate is very low



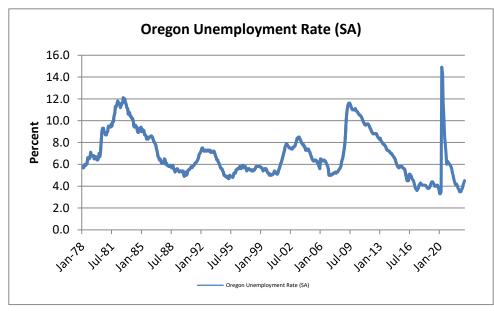


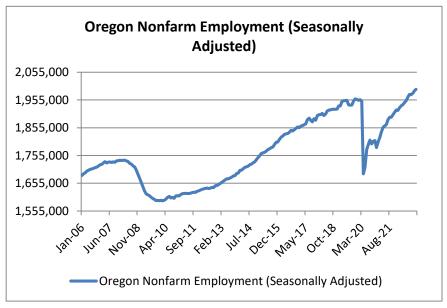
Initial Weekly Unemployment Claims

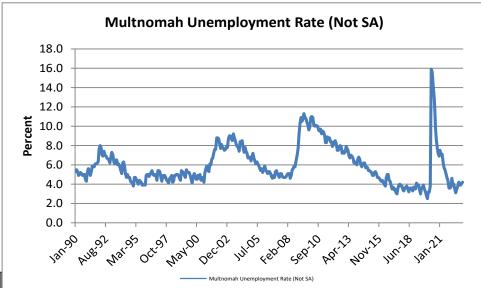


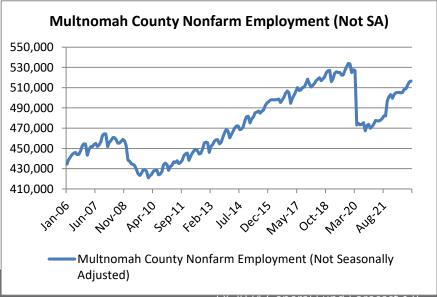
Source: Department of Labor











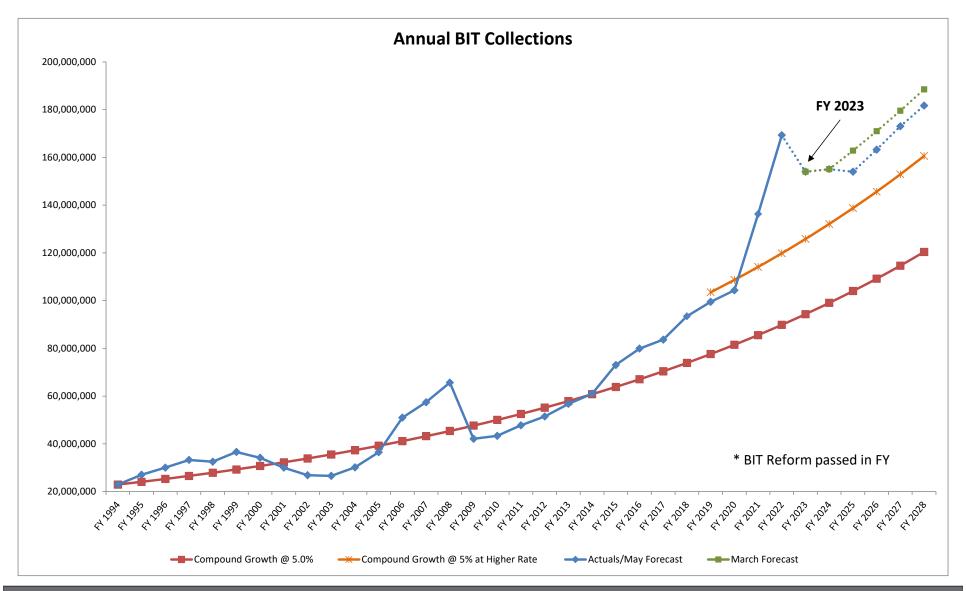


	1	November Forecast	March Forecast	May Forecast	Net Change From	
-	Adopted ¹	Change	Change	Change	Adopted	Note
Property Taxes	354,218,237	10,265,549	(3,000,000)		7,265,549	Higher AV/Lower Compression, Reduced Delinquency Assumption (from 5.5% to 4.5%)
Business Income Taxes	137,150,000	16,850,000	0		16,850,000	Pressure on Corp Profits
Motor Vehicle Rental Taxes	33,175,000	0	0		0	
US Marshal/BM 73/BOP	6,571,733	0	0		0	
State Shared					0	
Video Lottery	6,457,500	(257,500)	0		(257,500)	
Liquor	5,519,654	(219,654)	0		(219,654)	
Cigarette	602,073	0	0		0	
Marijuana	1,000,000	0	0		0	
Amusement	173,000	0	0		0	
					0	
Recording Fees/CAFFA Grant	7,829,365	(1,579,365)	(1,000,000)		(2,579,365)	Higher Interest Rates Decreasing Affordability
Indirect					0	·
Departmental	28,186,238	0	0		0	
Central Indirect/Svc Reimburse	17,921,567	0	0		0	
All Other	34,301,033	124,875	0		124,875	Interest
FY 23 Revenue Adjustments ²	633,105,400	25,183,905	(4,000,000)	0	21,183,905	
% of Revenue		3.98%	-0.63%	0.00%	3.35%	

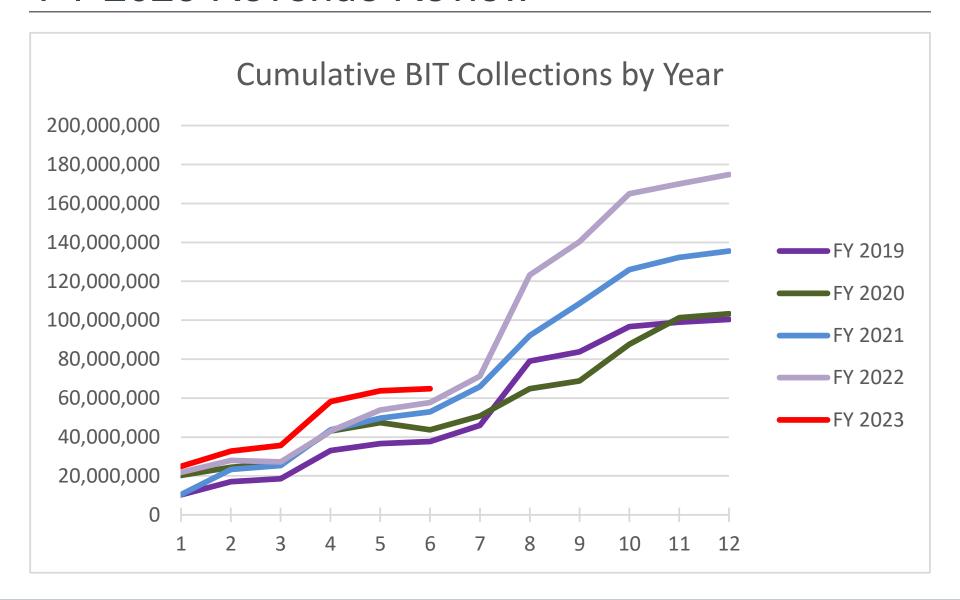
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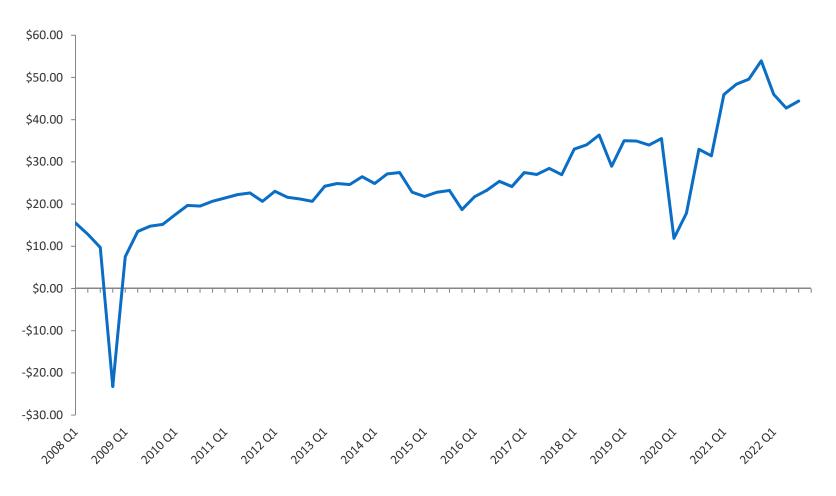






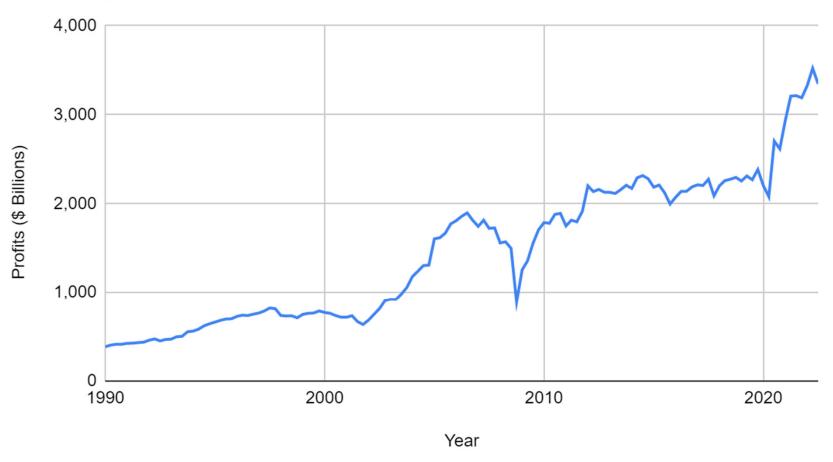


S&P 500 (As Reported) Earnings





US Corporate Profits (Pre-Tax)

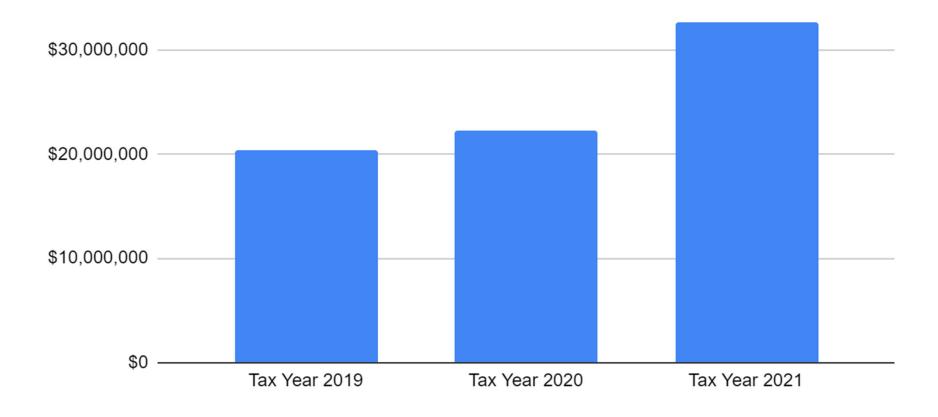


Source: St. Louis Federal Reserve (FRED), Bureau of Economic Analysis



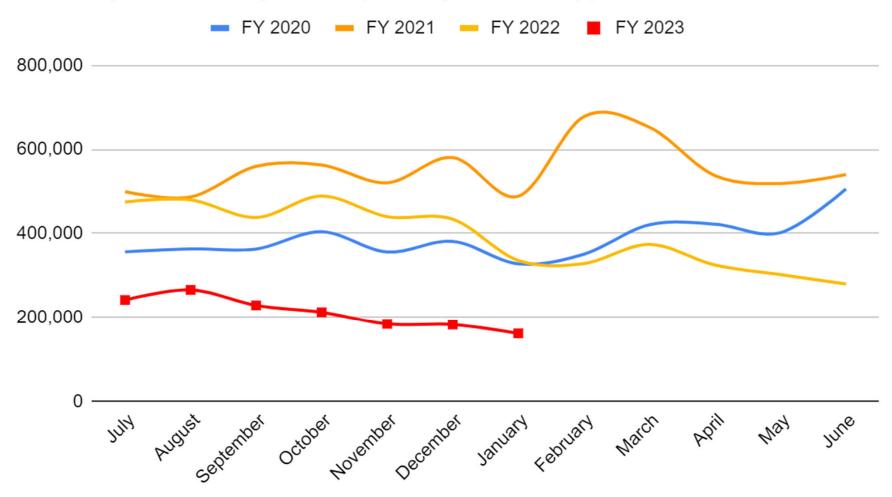
BIT Real Estate Rental and Leasing Revenue (NAICS 53)

\$40,000,000





Monthly Recording Fees (through January)





5-Year General Fund Forecast

Table 1: Forecasted Ongoing General Fund Expenditures, Revenues, and Balance						
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- BIT returns to growth one year earlier
- Inflation remains higher for longer
- Path forward dictated by Federal Reserve response



5-Year General Fund Forecast

	Adopted FY 2023	Forecast FY 2023 ²	Forecast FY 2024	Forecast FY 2025	Forecast FY 2026	Forecast FY 2027	Forecast FY 2028
Property Taxes Business Income Taxes Motor Vehicle Rental Taxes US Marshal (& BM 37) Recording Fees/CAFFA Grant State Shared	354,218,237 137,150,000 33,175,000 6,571,733 7,829,365 13,752,227	361,483,786 154,000,000 33,175,000 6,571,733	376,834,752 155,071,186 33,838,500 6,571,733 6,388,250 13,481,542	406,609,219 162,824,745 34,515,270 6,571,733 6,823,356 13,880,629	419,293,731 170,965,983 35,205,575 6,571,733 7,296,880 14,295,033	432,832,927 179,514,281 35,909,687 6,571,733 8,066,127 14,725,357	446,850,543 188,489,996 36,627,881 6,571,733 8,242,075 15,172,228
Indirect & Service Reimbrs.	46,107,805 598,804,367	46,107,805 619,863,397	48,361,453 640,547,415	49,791,259 681,016,211	51,265,457 704,894,393	52,785,433 730,405,545	54,352,614 756,307,070
% of Total Revenue	95.6%	95.1%	95.3%	96.7%	96.7%	96.6%	96.7%
All Other General Fund	27,843,533	31,801,033	30,294,237	21,772,518	23,432,933	25,386,991	25,785,065
Total	626,647,900	651,964,430	672,116,652	704,076,479	729,283,575	756,275,443	782,092,135
% Change in Ongoing Revenue		4.04%	3.09%	4.76%	3.58%	3.70%	3.41%
AV Growth Compression BIT Growth	3.55% 4.10% -21.58%	4.56% 3.50% -11.94%	4.45% 4.10% 0.70%	8.20% 4.25% 5.00%	3.10% 4.25% 5.00%	3.25% 4.25% 5.00%	3.25% 4.25% 5.00%

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^{2.} Not adjusted for revenue adjustments directly offset by expenditure changes.



FY 2024 OTO Funds

General Fund FY 2023 Beginning Working Capital & FY 2024 OTO 1,2

Year-End as of November 1, 2022

FY 2023 Beginning Balance ³ FY 2023 Budgeted Beginning Balance Additional FY 2023 BWC (OTO)	245,669,604 172,891,050 72,778,554
Less Two Years (FY 2023/2024) Retention Incentives (Represented) ⁴ Less Two Years (FY 2023/FY 2024) Retention Incentives to Settled Contracts Less Two Years (FY 2023/2024) Retention Incentives (Non-Represented) ⁴ FY 2023 Retention Incentives Covered by ARP (One Year) Less Amount to "Bridge" FY 2024 Deficit Less Amount to Pay Off ERP Debt Early	(23,576,995) (1,834,965) (6,000,305) 6,944,609 (2,588,068) (6,783,000)
Plus November FY 2023 Forecast Adjustments Less March Property Tax Adjustment Less March Recording Fee Adjustment Less Amount to Maintain FY 2024 Reserves at Board Policy Level OTO Funds for FY 2024 per November Forecast	24,140,591 (3,000,000) (1,000,000) (6,719,852) 52,360,569
50% Dedicated to County Facility/IT Projects per Board Policy Remaining 50% to be Allocated	26,180,285 26,180,285

- 1. Assumes the FY 2023 General Fund Contingency is fully spent in FY 2023.
- 2. Assumes departments fully spend their FY 2023 appropriation.
- 3. Adjusted for additional restricted County Clerk BWC, and Tax Title: Affordable Housing.
- 4. Excludes Library Employees



FY 2023 Contingency Update

Contingency

General Fund 'Regular' Contingency	2,000,000
Additional Contingency	137,411
Contingency for Labor Contracts	4,173,325
Additional Contingency for Uncertainty	2,000,000
Auditor's Office Ombudsperson	(100.500)

Remaining Non-Earmarked Contingency 8,210,236

Approved by Board 2/2/2023

Earmarked Contingency

Total Earmarked Contingency	3,275,000
Earmark - Behavioral Health Resource Center	2,775,000
Earmark - Body Worn Cameras	500,000

Total General Fund Contingency 11,485,236

Total General Fund Contingency	31,828,766
Increasing BIT Reserve to 11%	1,360,000
Increasing CGF Reserve to 11%	5,383,530
BIT Reserve @ 10% (in General Fund Contingency)	13,600,000

Note: The forecast assumes the General Fund Contingency will be fully spent, with the exception of the Reserves, which is 'rolled over' to FY 2024



Forecast Risks, Uncertainties, and Issues

- Inflation and Federal Reserve Response
 - Path of rate increases
- Risk of Recession
 - Timing and intensity
 - State funding
 - Impacts on employment
 - Development Cycle
 - Demand for County services
 - PERS
- Telework
 - Local economy
 - Revenue impact
 - Downtown Core



<u>Summary</u>

- FY 2023 General Fund revenue forecast decreased \$4.0 million (0.6%)
- FY 2023 General Fund contingency balance of \$8.2 million (unallocated)
- Deficit of \$2.6 million forecast for FY 2024
 - Becomes deficit of \$10.5 million by FY 2028
- FY 2023 General Fund OTO resources of \$52.4 million
 - \$26.2 million for facility/IT projects (per Board policy)
 - \$26.2 million to be allocated
- Major risks, uncertainties, and issues include:
 - Interest Rates and Recession
 - Inflation



Questions





Budget Process

