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Introduction

The budget is structured around the County's ten distinct operating departments, as well as a "Nondepartmental" grouping. This volume contains sections that are separated by department and contain the following information: a summary narrative portion followed by division narratives, with relevant program offers grouped by division. The narrative portions include department and division overviews; the department's mission, vision, and values; a section on diversity, equity, and inclusion; a budget overview; and relevant tables and graphics, including a list of all programs.

Understanding Program Offers

A program offer is a public policy document that combines information such as program descriptions, budget overviews, and performance data for a set of services. All County functions – from operating programs to the General Fund contingency account – request funding from the Board through a program offer.

Program offers are labeled with a five digit document number and title (e.g. 50005 - DCJ Human Resources). Throughout the budget document, readers will see references to program offers by number and/or title. To find a program offer referenced in this document, go to the department's section in Volume 2 or 3; the program offers are listed in numerical order within each division.

What Makes a Good Program Offer

A good program offer explicitly shows the relationship between the program and the results it produces for the community. Program offers should:

- Describe how they will make a significant contribution.
- Show why the County's spending on this program is effective.
- Show evidence that the program can deliver and measure its results.
- Give accurate performance measures to track the program's contributions.
- Link the offer to the policy direction/frameworks.
- Communicate how they use an equity lens in relation to services provided.
- Describe program activities in layperson's terms.

Program offers are not about funding programs simply because they already exist – they are about outcomes. They emphasize meeting the County's goals, not preserving the government status quo. The following pages describe the configuration of each program offer and the major types of information each should contain.

Anatomy of a Program Offer

Program offer documents explain all aspects of the program through the following sections: executive summary and description, performance measures, legal and contractual mandates, revenue/expense detail, explanation of revenues, and significant program changes.

Executive Summary & Description

The executive summary should briefly and clearly explain the activities in the program offer. The description should describe how the program will support department strategies or known County policy frameworks, including how the program will impact racial equity. If the offer represents a change in current practice (e.g. a reorganization or change in staffing levels, service hours, etc.), it should briefly describe the nature of that change. The description should cite research, experience, or logic to convincingly make the case for program selection. New programs should note how the department created program cost estimates.

Performance Measures

Performance measures are organized in a table in each program offer. The table identifies the type of measure, the measure's definition, and measure results. Where available, the table reports history, annualized current service level estimates (what's expected to be delivered for the current fiscal year), and anticipated target service level for the upcoming year. Additional supporting information, such as explanations of notable performance changes, are located in the narrative section below the table. Every program offer includes two to four performance measures indicating the level of service expected if the program is selected. Two common types of measures are the output, which represents the volume of work, and the outcome, which represents the measurable results of that work. For example, a hypothetical addictions treatment program for youth might report the number of youth who received treatment (output), and the percentage of youth who achieved sobriety and completed their treatment plan upon exit (outcome).

Other types of measures departments may use include resource measures (inputs other than staffing or finances) and measures of service quality/efficiency. Using the addictions treatment example, inputs might be reported as the number of treatment beds available. Quality could be reported as the percent of youth that rate counseling staff as engaging and supportive, and efficiency might be reported as the cost for each successful treatment completion.

Legal and Contractual Mandates

Many program offers will be constrained by legal or contractual mandates. If a program offer is affected by a mandate, the mandate and its authorizing document (a statute, contract, etc.) should be noted.

Revenue/Expense Detail (Program Costs)

This table shows the cost to the County of providing the program, as well as the revenues generated by the program for its support. These costs include personnel, contracted services, materials and supplies, and internal services. The table also provides costs on the prior fiscal year's Adopted budget for comparison.

Explanation of Revenues

This section explains how non-General Fund (Other Funds) revenues or General Fund fee revenues were estimated. Revenue estimates should clearly demonstrate the reasonableness of the estimate.

Significant Program Changes

This section details significant programmatic changes that affect the program - not minor financial changes up or down. Such changes might include:

- Increases or decreases in the scope or level of services.
- Increases or decreases in net personnel resources (FTE's).
- Revenue increases or decreases.
- Impacts to other departments and/or service delivery programs.

In this section you will also find a reference from this year's program offer to its predecessor in the previous year, if applicable. (Note that program offer numbering can change between fiscal years.)

Types of Programs

Program offers are categorized based on the “type” of services they deliver. Program offers fall into one of the following six groups:

Administration

Department or division level management and related expenses (e.g. office space, supplies, telephones, etc.). Direct program supervision is not considered administration.

Capital

Programs that fund improvements and construction of County-owned buildings, roads, bridges, and major information technology systems.

Internal Service

Programs that focus on services provided by one County department to support another, including: information technology and telecommunications, facilities and property management, fleet and motor pool, distribution, and records management.

Operating

Programs that represent a set of services provided to the community. Includes the direct supervision and management of the program.

Restoration Request

Request to restore a cut that was made to meet the General Fund target allocation (i.e. the amount of General Fund that the department used when preparing its budget submissions).

Revenue/Fund Level/Tech

Programs used to budget discretionary (primarily General Fund) revenues at the fund level. (Program revenues are budgeted within the applicable program offer.)

Additional Program Details

Program offer documents also include information on program characteristics (see below). Program characteristics provide additional information on the type of funding for the program.

A letter at the end of a program offer number indicates a scaled program offer. Scaled offers are a way for the Board to make choices on the size of programs to fund (see below).

Program Offer Characteristics

At the top of each program offer, you will see a list of program characteristics (if they are applicable):

New Request - Activities that the County currently does not do. This includes requests for expansions of service that would significantly change the size or scope of an existing program.

Backfill State/Federal/Grant - Backfill is defined as discretionary dollars (General Fund) applied to a program that was previously funded by a grant or funding from State, Federal, or local governments. This could occur when grant funding goes away entirely and the department proposes continuing the program with General Fund or when only a portion of the grant goes away and the department proposes continuing the program at the same level by supplementing with General Fund dollars.

One-Time-Only Request - A one-time-only (OTO) request seeks funding for one budget year or a finite project in a dedicated fund. Examples include funding for capital projects, piloting a program, or ramping down services. If a funding request is adopted using OTO funds, projects/initiatives are expected to be completed in a single budget cycle except for projects with a known end date that may span more than one year (such as capital projects).

Measure 5 Education - In Oregon, we have a constitutional limit on how much real property tax we can spend for educational services. Multnomah County has General Fund revenues that are not derived from real property taxes, and these revenues can be expended on educational services without violating the Constitutional limitation. In order for the County to easily demonstrate that it has complied with the Constitutional limitation, departments can designate a program as a "Measure 5 Education" offer, indicating the program may be funded by non real property tax revenues.

Scaled Program Offers

Program offers represent discrete increments of service and many County programs have the ability to deliver services at varying levels. Scaling program offers by creating separate program offers for different levels of service provides transparency and allows decision makers to choose a particular level of service. Scaled program offers typically:

- Budget for large facilities, such as jails.
- Specify when the General Fund backfills other funds.
- Expand services beyond the current service level.
- Request restoration of General Fund for reductions made to meet the General Fund target allocation.

- Request one-time-only resources related to an ongoing program offer.
- Provide levels of services for a program. For example, an alcohol and drug treatment program may be able to offer 100, 150, or 175 beds.
 - Base Level of Service - Program "A" is the base level of service that can be provided while still delivering the expected results. In the example above, the base level of service would be 100 beds.
 - Increments of Service - Program "B" (and beyond, e.g. "C", "D") represents incremental levels of service that buy additional outcomes. In the alcohol and drug treatment example, Program "B" could be 50 additional beds, and another, separate increment (Program "C") could be 25 additional beds, giving decision-makers a choice between adding either 50 or 75 beds.

Online Resources

The FY 2025 Adopted Budget Dashboard provides an interactive, visual representation of County budget data, which can be filtered by department, division, program offer, fund, and various characteristics (such as program offer type or ongoing/one-time-only). A link to the dashboard is available at www.multco.us/budget.

Individual program offers can also be found on the Budget Office website at www.multco.us/budget/fy-2025-program-offers.